Background

Over the past six months, changing areas of influence and economic instability have shaped the context in Ar-Raqqa, Deir-ez-Zor governorates and Menbij sub-district. In October 2019, increased military activity in Ar-Raqqa and Al-Hasakeh governorates led to mass displacement (including the closure of two camps for internally displaced persons (IDPs)) and a disruption of the strategic M4 highway. Forced recruitment by armed forces has also reportedly been a driver of displacement in some areas.

January 2020 brought the expiration of the United Nations (UN) Cross Border Resolution for Syria. While the resolution was extended for six months, several border crossings in northeast Syria (NES) lost authorisation, cutting off key routes for UN aid to come into NES.

Over the previous six months, economic conditions deteriorated in NES, and the prices of basic goods increased markedly. This was partially due to the instability and decline of the Syrian Pound (SYP) against the US Dollar as well as the escalation of conflict in northwest Syria in early 2020.

In March and April 2020, after data collection had finished, significant movement restrictions were introduced in NES to prevent the potential spread of COVID-19. There has been one confirmed COVID-19 case and death in NES, although testing capacity is limited. Those living in informal settlements and collective centres in NES have been highlighted as a particular concern.

Methodology

REACH's informal settlement profiling in NES consists of key informant (KI) interviews with community members with knowledge of settlements. KIs were sought for each of the informal settlements and collective centres verified by the NES Sites and Settlements Working Group (SSWG). Data collection took place between 19–27 February 2020 through a mix of direct (in-person) and remote (phone) interviews. In total, 98 sites were assessed in 12 sub-districts in Deir-ez-Zor, Raqqa and Aleppo governorates, covering all verified sites at the time of data collection, except those which were found to no longer be active. While data collection pre-dated the COVID-19 preparations in NES, this document highlights COVID-19 vulnerabilities such as susceptible groups, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) and health capacities and needs. The full data set can be found here.

Due to the KI methodology used, findings are not statistically representative and should only be considered as indicative of the situation. The assessment was carried out at the settlement level and data is relevant only for the assessed settlements and not the communities they are in or near.

A separate assessment in April 2020 looked at settlements in Hasakeh sub-district. These assessments follow a previous assessment of informal settlements in NES in December 2018 – this set of profiles can be found here.
WASH
KIs reported that in 35 settlements (36%), there were issues with the quality of drinking water. In Deir-ez-Zor, it was reported that people got ill from drinking water in 18% of settlements (7% in Menbij, 9% in Ar-Raqqa).

Reported % of sites with drinking water quality issues
- Ar-Raqqa: 29%
- Deir-ez-Zor: 64%
- Menbij: 7%

FOOD
Residents reportedly did not have enough food to meet their needs in 76% of assessed settlements (with a population of approximately 40,000 people).

Reported % of assessed settlements with enough food to meet their needs
- Yes: 23%
- No: 76%
- Not sure: 1%

PROTECTION
Child labour was reported in 91% of assessed settlements, and in Deir-ez-Zor, children working was reported as a barrier to education in 79% of assessed settlements (7% in Menbij, 23% in Ar-Raqqa).

Reported % of assessed settlements where KIs reported presence child labour
- Ar-Raqqa: 93%
- Deir-ez-Zor: 86%
- Menbij: 86%

EDUCATION
At the time of data collection, education was reportedly not accessible for children in 41% of assessed settlements. As of April 2020, all schools are closed in all governorates in NES as part of the COVID-19 response.

Reported % of assessed settlements with access to education
- Ar-Raqqa: 35 settlements (36%)
- Deir-ez-Zor: 79% of settlements
- Menbij: 31+

SHELTER
In Menbij, 100% of settlements reportedly needed new tents (compared to 54% in Deir-ez-Zor and 59% in Ar-Raqqa). Plastic sheeting was reported as a shelter need for 92% of settlements in Menbij, 70% in Deir-ez-Zor and 46% in Ar-Raqqa.

Top 3 shelter needs reported in assessed settlements
- Plastic sheeting: 66%
- New tents: 63%
- Tarpaulin: 39%

NON-FOOD ITEMS
The most recorded non-food item (NFI) needs were heating fuel (51% of settlements), mattresses/ sleeping mats (32%) and sources of light (30%). Heating needs might become less severe as winter ends, but could be indicative of difficulties regulating temperature in shelters during summer as well.

Top 3 NFI needs reported in assessed settlements
- Heating fuel: 51%
- Mattresses: 32%
- Light sources: 30%

Informal Settlements & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Ar-Raqqa, Deir-ez-Zor and Menbij, Syria
February 2020

Possible Informal Site/Camp

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Settlement name</th>
<th>SSWG code</th>
<th>Sub-district</th>
<th>Est. No. of IDPs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Western Al Salhabeeh camp</td>
<td>SS06_4687 / SS06_4654</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
<td>4,225</td>
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<tr>
<td>Al Hekomeyah</td>
<td>SS06_4640</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
<td>4,200</td>
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<td>Hazeema camp</td>
<td>SS06_4650 / SS06_4639</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
<td>3,800</td>
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<td>Al Wahda</td>
<td>SS06_4633</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<td>Al-Khaiyath camp</td>
<td>SS06_4647</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<td>Al Haddaa</td>
<td>SS06_4653</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<td>Al Salam</td>
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<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<td>Yarub</td>
<td>SS06_4659</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<td>Tal Bayaa camp</td>
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<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<td>Karama</td>
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<td>SS12_4618</td>
<td>Basira</td>
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<td>SS06_4637</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<td>SS06_4693</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
<td>1,100</td>
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<td>Eastern Royal camp</td>
<td>SS06_4700 / SS06_4636</td>
<td>Ar-Raqqa</td>
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<tr>
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<td>SS14_4742</td>
<td>Mansura</td>
<td>1,080</td>
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<td>Lower Salsaifa (Al Zoor camp)</td>
<td>SS14_4675</td>
<td>Al-Thawrah</td>
<td>1,050</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of 19 tented sites with populations over 1,000, 17 were in Ar-Raqqa governorate and 2 in Deir-ez-Zor. Presence of camp management is not known for these locations, but they are highlighted here as possible informal sites.
The findings presented on this page highlight indicators that are relevant to assessing settlements’ vulnerability to COVID-19 and ability to seek treatment. Evidence on the spread of COVID-19 to date shows that elderly populations are much more vulnerable to the disease, with a significantly higher fatality rate among over-60s. Access to health facilities indicates how available medical care is in case of illness. Similarly, the availability of medicine to treat chronic illnesses is indicative of medicine availability more generally, as well as the likelihood that those with underlying health conditions (another vulnerable group) are adequately cared for.

Handwashing with soap has been promoted as an effective way to kill the virus and limit its spread. However, use of this prevention method is only possible where populations have access to sufficient water to meet all their needs. Physical distancing has also been widely promoted as a prevention measure; use of communal latrines and other shared facilities indicate that physical distancing may not be possible in all locations. Lack of bathing facilities likewise indicates barriers to sanitation practices which could reduce the risk of infection.

### Ar-Raqqa – Area Overview

**Assessed locations:** 56  
**Population in assessed locations:** 48,363

In three settlements with an estimated 2,770 people, KIs reported no latrines were available. In 13 settlements (23%) it was reported that there had been cases of diarrhoea in the two weeks prior to data collection.

- **13%** of over-60s in assessed settlements (approx. 6,549 people)
- **46%** of assessed settlements reportedly without enough water for everyone to meet daily needs
- **64%** of assessed settlements reportedly had communal latrines available
- **39%** of assessed settlements reportedly had no bathing facilities
- **88%** of assessed settlements reportedly had access to at least one health facility
- **34%** of assessed settlements reportedly had no access to medicine to treat chronic illnesses

### Deir-ez-Zor – Area Overview

**Assessed locations:** 28  
**Population in assessed locations:** 7,327

In one settlement with an estimated 725 people, KIs reported no latrines were available. Water and sanitation were reported as a priority need in five settlements each (18%).

- **12%** of over-60s in assessed settlements (approx. 916 people)
- **54%** of assessed settlements reportedly without enough water for everyone to meet daily needs
- **64%** of assessed settlements reportedly had communal latrines available
- **39%** of assessed settlements reportedly had no bathing facilities
- **93%** of assessed settlements reportedly had access to at least one health facility
- **14%** of assessed settlements reportedly had no access to medicine to treat chronic illnesses

### Menbij – Area Overview

**Assessed locations:** 14  
**Population in assessed locations:** 1,202

In Menbij sub-district, KIs reported no issues with drinking water in 93% of assessed settlements. In one settlement with an estimated 40 people, KIs reported that no latrines were available.

- **12%** of over-60s in assessed settlements (approx. 140 people)
- **21%** of assessed settlements reportedly without enough water for everyone to meet daily needs
- **21%** of assessed settlements reportedly had communal latrines available
- **100%** of assessed settlements reportedly had access to at least one health facility
- **14%** of assessed settlements reportedly had no access to medicine to treat chronic illnesses
### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 175

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known

**Primary area of origin:** Maadan, Ar-Raqqa governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

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#### CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment, sanitation; medical care
- **Information needs:** How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc; sponsorship programs

#### WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation within the camp
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Garbage collection (local authorities)
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

#### Healthcare

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFI

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Insufficient number of shelters for the population; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely
- **Shelter needs:** Plastic sheeting; tools
- **Household needs:** Heating items (sheets, pillows); winter blankets; cleaning liquid (for house)

#### Food/ Livelihoods

- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; selling non-productive assets
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** No (No income reported)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Borrowing money; selling assets; spending savings

#### Education/ Protection

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes
### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings  
**Building in active use:** No  
**Estimated IDP population:** 200  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 40% male  
- 60% female  
- 45% children (under 18)  
- 10% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

---

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)  
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; medical care  
- Information needs: Information about returning to area of origin how to find job opportunities; information about returning to area of origin sponsorship programs

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Piped connection to house (or neighbour’s)  
- **Water access:** More than half of the population has enough water for their needs  
- **Water quality:** No issues reported  
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine  
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation within the camp  
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places  
- **Garbage disposal method:** Garbage collection (local authorities)  
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; pharmacy)  
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI s
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** Timber; plastic sheeting; tarpaulins  
- **Household needs:** Cleaning liquid (for house); heating fuel; winter clothes

### Food/ Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site  
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes  
- **Access to income:** Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; casual unskilled labour (construction))  
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Selling assistance items received; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

### Education/ Protection
- **Access to education:** Yes  
- **Child labour reported:** Yes  
- **Early marriage reported:** No

---

### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings  
**Building in active use:** No  
**Estimated IDP population:** 240  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 50% male and 50% female  
- 45% children (under 18)  
- 15% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Primary area of origin:** Al-Khafsa, Aleppo governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

---

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)  
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; medical care  
- Information needs: Information about returning to area of origin how to find job opportunities; information about returning to area of origin sponsorship programs

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Public tap/standpipe  
- **Water access:** More than half of the population has enough water for their needs  
- **Water quality:** No issues reported  
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine  
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Designated space outside the shelter  
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places  
- **Garbage disposal method:** Garbage collection (local authorities)  
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 3 (Public hospital/clinic; pharmacy; private hospital/ clinic)  
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI s
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of heating; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of insulation from cold
- **Shelter needs:** Tarpaulins; plastic sheeting; timber  
- **Household needs:** Winter blankets; heating fuel; cleaning liquid (for house)

### Food/ Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site  
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes  
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)  
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Selling assistance items received; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

### Education/ Protection
- **Access to education:** Yes  
- **Child labour reported:** Yes  
- **Early marriage reported:** No
## Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability

### Al-Thawrah sub-district: Al Sharea

**SSWG code: SS20_4670**

### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings  
**Building in active use:** No  
**Estimated IDP population:** 125  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 40% male and 60% female  
- 50% children (under 18)  
- 10% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)  
- Overall priority needs: Employment; medical care; food  
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

### WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe  
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs  
- Water quality: No issues reported  
- Latrines: Household latrine  
- Alternatives to latrines in use:  
  - Digging private pits; designated spaces inside the shelter  
  - Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places  
  - Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)  
  - Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

### Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)  
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from cold; unable to lock home securely; lack of heating  
- **Shelter needs:** Plastic sheeting; wire; tarpaulins  
- **Household needs:** Winter clothes; washing powder (for clothes); detergent (for dishes)

### Food/ Livelihoods

- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site  
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Replacing meals, skipping meals, purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes  
- **Access to income:** No (Income reported)  
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Spending savings; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

### Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Yes  
- Child labour reported: Yes  
- Early marriage reported: No

---

## Al-Thawrah sub-district: Al Tallaa

**SSWG code: SS20_4665**

### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings  
**Building in active use:** No  
**Estimated IDP population:** 140  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 50% male and 50% female  
- 45% children (under 18)  
- 10% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 7  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 7  
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)  
- Overall priority needs: Food; employment; medical care  
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

### WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe  
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs  
- Water quality: No issues reported  
- Latrines: Communal latrines  
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp  
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places  
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)  
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

### Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; pharmacy; private hospital/ clinic)  
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of heating; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)  
- **Shelter needs:** Tarpaulins; plastic sheeting; timber  
- **Household needs:** Cleaning liquid (for house); heating fuel; clothing

### Food/ Livelihoods

- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site  
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size, skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes  
- **Access to income:** Yes (Humanitarian aid; casual unskilled labour (construction))  
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Support from friends/relatives; selling assistance items received; borrowing money

### Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Yes  
- Child labour reported: Yes  
- Early marriage reported: No
### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 215

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 45% male and 55% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known

**Primary area of origin:** Maadan, Ar-Raqqa Governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

---

**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 230

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 12

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known

**Primary area of origin:** Maadan, Ar-Raqqa Governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

---

**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 215

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 45% male and 55% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 12

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known

**Primary area of origin:** Maadan, Ar-Raqqa Governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

---

**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 230

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 12

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known

**Primary area of origin:** Maadan, Ar-Raqqa Governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

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### Al-Thawrah sub-district: Al Thoura school

**SSWG code:** SS20_4664

#### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; clothing
- Information needs: How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc; how to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs

#### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

#### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of heating; lack of insulation from cold
- Shelter needs: Timber; tools; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Bedding items (sheets, pillows); winter blankets; heating fuel

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; selling assistance items received; spending savings

#### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

---

### Al-Thawrah sub-district: Faiz Mansour school

**SSWG code:** SS20_4664

#### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; clothing; food
- Information needs: How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc; how to find job opportunities; how to replace missing documents

#### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

#### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of heating; lack of insulation from cold
- Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; plastic sheeting; timber
- Household needs: Clothing; heating fuel; winter clothes

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; selling assistance items received; spending savings

#### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No

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Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Al-Thawrah sub-district, Ar-Raqqa, Syria
February 2020

Site Overview

Al-Thawrah sub-district: Lower Safsafa (Al Zoor camp)

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 1,050
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 5
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 60% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Maadan, Ar-Raqqa governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Food; medical care; clothing
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck; public tap/standpipe
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of heating; lack of lighting
- Shelter needs: New tents; timber; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Bedding items (sheets, pillows); washing powder (for clothes); winter clothes

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; selling non-productive assets
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

Al-Thawrah sub-district: Molhaq Abin Zedon

Type of site: Buildings
Building in active use: No
Estimated IDP population: 225
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; medical care
- Information needs: How to replace missing documents; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; pharmacy; private hospital/ clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; plastic sheeting; timber
- Household needs: Washing powder (for clothes); heating fuel; clothing

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; humanitarian aid; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Selling assistance items received; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
### Al-Thawrah sub-district: Molhaq Al Thoura

**SSWG code: SS20_4668**

#### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 240

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

Population breakdown:
- 45% male and 55% female
- 35% children (under 18)
- 25% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo

department

Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%

Top intended destination: NA

#### CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; medical care; food
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc; information about returning to area of origin

#### WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: Communal showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

#### Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; pharmacy; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of heating; lack of insulation from cold
- Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; plastic sheeting; timber
- Household needs: Winter blankets; heating fuel; washing powder (for clothes)

#### Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; skipping meals
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

### Al-Thawrah sub-district: Northern Al Rawda

**SSWG code: SS20_4674**

#### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 78

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

Population breakdown:
- 50% male and 50% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo

department

Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%

Top intended destination: NA

#### CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Food; employment; medical care
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

#### WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

#### Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; pharmacy; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)
- Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; timber; tarpaulins
- Household needs: Heating fuel; cleaning liquid (for house); winter blankets

#### Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; from family and friends in the area; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Selling assistance items received; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

### Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
### Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability

**Ar-Raqqa sub-district, Ar-Raqqa, Syria**

**February 2020**

#### Site Overview

**Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Abu Kabra Al Rasheed camp**

- **Type of site**: Tents
- **Building in active use**: NA
- **Estimated IDP population**: 1,330
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter**: 7
- **Population breakdown**: 40% male and 60% female
  - 45% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection)**: Not known
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection)**: Not known
- **Primary area of origin**: Ogeirbat, Hama governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months**: 1%
- **Top intended destination**: Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa governorate

**CCCM**
- **Distributions in the month before data collection**: Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs**: Employment; food; shelter support
- **Information needs**: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

**WASH**
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs**: Tanker truck
- **Water access**: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality**: No issues reported
- **Latrines**: Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use**: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities**: Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method**: Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues**: No challenges reported

**Healthcare**
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs**: 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness**: Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFI s**
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s)**: Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; lack of privacy inside shelter; leaking during rain; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs**: Additional tents; new tents; tools
- **Household needs**: Mattresses/sleeping mats; winter heaters; winter blankets

**Food/ Livelihoods**
- **Main food source**: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food**: Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; buying food with money usually used for other things; selling non-production assets
- **Access to food market(s)**: Yes
- **Access to income**: Yes (Humanitarian aid; casual unskilled labour (construction); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies**: Selling assets; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

**Education/ Protection**
- **Access to education**: Yes
- **Child labour reported**: Yes
- **Early marriage reported**: Yes

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**Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al Fateeh**

- **Type of site**: Tents
- **Building in active use**: NA
- **Estimated IDP population**: 1,405
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter**: 6
- **Population breakdown**: 40% male and 60% female
  - 45% children (under 18)
  - 15% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection)**: Not known
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection)**: Not known
- **Primary area of origin**: As-Safira, Aleppo governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months**: 0%
- **Top intended destination**: NA

**CCCM**
- **Distributions in the month before data collection**: No
- **Overall priority needs**: Medical care, shelter support, food
- **Information needs**: How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc; how to access assistance

**WASH**
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs**: Tanker truck
- **Water access**: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality**: No issues reported
- **Latrines**: Household latrine; open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use**: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities**: No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method**: Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues**: Complete lack of garbage removal

**Healthcare**
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs**: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness**: Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFI s**
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s)**: Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting
- **Shelter needs**: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs**: Water containers; clothing; shoes

**Food/ Livelihoods**
- **Main food source**: From local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food**: Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s)**: Yes
- **Access to income**: Yes (Smallholder agriculture/livestock; unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies**: Spending savings; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

**Education/ Protection**
- **Access to education**: Yes
- **Child labour reported**: Yes
- **Early marriage reported**: No
Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Ar-Raqqa sub-district, Ar-Raqqa, Syria
February 2020

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al Hadbaa

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 2,255
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
40% male and 60% female
20% children (under 18)
10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Tadmor, Homs goverorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

SSWG code: SS06_4653

Site Overview

- CCCM
  - Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Winter blankets; heaters)
  - Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; sanitation
  - Information needs: Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

- WASH
  - Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
  - Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
  - Water quality: No issues reported
  - Latrines: Household latrine
  - Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
  - Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
  - Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
  - Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal; complete lack of garbage removal; dumping shelter(s) within camp or close to site

- Healthcare
  - No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
  - Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

- Shelter/ NFI
  - Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating
  - Shelter needs: New tents; tools; wire
  - Household needs: Cooking fuel; cooking stoves; water containers

- Food/ Livelihoods
  - Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
  - Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: No coping strategies used
  - Access to food market(s): Yes
  - Access to income: No (No income reported)
  - Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

- Education/ Protection
  - Access to education: No
  - Child labour reported: No
  - Early marriage reported: Yes

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al Hekomeyah

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 4,200
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
40% male and 60% female
45% children (under 18)
15% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): 2
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Tabni, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 1%
Top intended destination: Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa governorate

SSWG code: SS06_4640

Site Overview

- CCCM
  - Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash; tents)
  - Overall priority needs: Food; medical care, education for children
  - Information needs: Information about returning to area of origin how to find job opportunities; how to replace missing documents

- WASH
  - Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
  - Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
  - Water quality: No issues reported
  - Latrines: Communal latrine
  - Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp; designated space outside the shelter
  - Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
  - Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
  - Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal

- Healthcare
  - No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
  - Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

- Shelter/ NFI
  - Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; leaking during rain
  - Shelter needs: Additional tents; timber; plastic sheeting
  - Household needs: Water containers; clothing; winter shoes

- Food/ Livelihoods
  - Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
  - Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; buying food with money usually used for other things; selling non-productive assets
  - Access to food market(s): Yes
  - Access to income: Yes (Skilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour; skilled service industry (no formal education required); e.g. driver, cleaner)
  - Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

- Education/ Protection
  - Access to education: No
  - Child labour reported: Yes
  - Early marriage reported: Yes
Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Ar-Raqqa sub-district, Ar-Raqqa, Syria
February 2020

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al Khader
SSWG code: SS06_4691

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 900
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Suluk, Ar-Raqqa governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 3%
Top intended destination: Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa governorate

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al Maahad Al Readee school
SSWG code: SS06_4545

Site Overview

Type of site: Buildings
Building in active use: No
Estimated IDP population: 7
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 5% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 9%
Top intended destination: NA
Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Ar-Raqqa sub-district, Ar-Raqqa, Syria
February 2020

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al Mahokeeh
SSWG code: SS06_4686

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 400
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
75% male and 25% female
45% children (under 18)
10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Oqeirbat, Hama governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM • Distributions in the month before data collection: No
• Overall priority needs: Clothing; shelter support; employment
• Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to access assistance

WASH • Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Surface water (lake, pond, dam, river); tanker truck
• Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
• Water quality: No issues reported
• Latrines: Open defecation; communal latrine
• Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
• Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
• Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); disposing at another location
• Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare • No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Public hospital/clinic)
• Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFIIs • Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household;
lack of insulation from cold; lack of heating
• Shelter needs: New tents; tools; plastic sheeting
• Household needs: Bedding items (sheets, pillows); washing powder (for clothes); mattresses/sleeping mats

Food/ Livelihoods • Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
• Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
• Access to food market(s): Yes
• Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction))
• Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; charitable donations; support from friends/relatives

Education/ Protection • Access to education: Yes
• Child labour reported: Yes
• Early marriage reported: No

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al Rajeem Al Abiat camp
SSWG code: SS06_4693

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 1,100
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
40% male and 60% female
30% children (under 18)
25% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Hama, Hama governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 1%
Top intended destination: Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa governorate

CCCMM • Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
• Overall priority needs: Education for children; medical care; shelter support
• Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

WASH • Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
• Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
• Water quality: Water tastes bad; people get sick after drinking the water
• Latrines: Communal latrine
• Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp
• Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
• Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
• Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare • No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
• Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

Shelter/ NFIIs • Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household;
lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of heating
• Shelter needs: Additional tents; new tents; tarpaulins
• Household needs: Clothing; shoes; winter heaters

Food/ Livelihoods • Main food source: Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
• Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
• Access to food market(s): Yes
• Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); low skilled service industry (no formal education required); eg. driver, cleaner); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
• Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; borrowing money

Education/ Protection • Access to education: No
• Child labour reported: Yes
• Early marriage reported: No
Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 1,810
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 7
Population breakdown:
- 55% male and 45% female
- 35% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Oqeirbat, Hama governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

Estimated IDP population: 2,700
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 30% children (under 18)
- 5% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; medical care; shelter support
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc; how to access assistance

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck; surface water (lake, pond, dam, river)
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad
- Latrines: No latrines
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp; digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location; burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; structures are not sturdy and break down easily; shelters are too small for the entire household; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating; unable to lock home securely
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Sources of light; heating fuel; winter clothes

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; borrowing money

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash; food)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; shelter support
- Information needs: How to enrol children in school; how to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal; complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting
- Shelter needs: New tents; plastic sheeting; tools
- Household needs: Disposable diapers; bedding items (sheets, pillows); mattresses/sleeping mats

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; food brought with them from their place of origin
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; selling productive assets
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (No income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; spending savings

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: Yes
### Site Overview

#### Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al-Zahera

- **SSWG code:** SS06_4646

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 520
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 40% male and 60% female
  - 30% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Primary area of origin:** Oqeiqat, Hama governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 3%
- **Top intended destination:** Mansura, Ar-Raqqa governorate

#### CCCM

- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** No
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment; shelter support
- **Information needs:** How to find job opportunities; how to enrol children in school; how to access assistance

#### WASH

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Household latrine; communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- **Garbage disposal issues:** No challenges reported

#### Healthcare

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFI

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily
- **Shelter needs:** Additional tents; tarpaulins; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Cooking fuel; sources of light; bedding items (sheets, pillows)

#### Food/ Livelihoods

- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; buying food with money usually used for other things
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction); low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. driver, cleaner))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money

#### Education/ Protection

- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

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### Site Overview

#### Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al-Asadiyah

- **SSWG code:** SS06_4637

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 1,100
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 7
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 40% male and 60% female
  - 45% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 100
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Primary area of origin:** Homs, Homs governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

#### CCCM

- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Cash; winter blankets)
- **Overall priority needs:** Education for children; employment; shelter support
- **Information needs:** Sponsorship programs; how to access assistance; information about returning to area of origin

#### WASH

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Household latrine; communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

#### Healthcare

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFI

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating; shelters need additional tents; plastic sheeting
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Cooking fuel; mattresses/sleeping mats; sources of light

#### Food/ Livelihoods

- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; buying food with money usually used for other things
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); unskilled agricultural labour; subsistence agriculture/livestock)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

#### Education/ Protection

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes
### Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Al-Khaiyalh camp

**SSWG code: SS06_4647**

#### Site Overview

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 2,550
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 45% male and 55% female
  - 40% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the last 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the last 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Tabni, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

#### Education

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

#### Health

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** None (#N/A)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** No

#### Shelter

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** None reported
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Sleeping bags; winter blankets; winter clothes

#### WASH

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** Water tastes bad
- **Latrines:** Household latrine; open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

#### Food/Livelihoods

- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Self-employed (commercial business owner))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Selling assets; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

#### Protection

- **Access to income:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

### Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Eastern Al Salhabeeh camp

**SSWG code: SS06_4707**

#### Site Overview

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 480
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 1
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 40% male and 60% female
  - 30% children (under 18)
  - 20% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the last 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the last 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Oqeirbat, Hama governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

#### Education

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

#### Health

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** None (#N/A)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** No

#### Shelter

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Mattresses/sleeping mats; bedding items (sheets, pillows); clothing

#### WASH

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** No-one has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** Water tastes bad
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; complete lack of garbage removal

#### Food/Livelihoods

- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); self-employed (commercial business owner))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; spending savings

#### Protection

- **Access to income:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No
Site Overview

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Eastern Ryaan camp 1 & 2

SSWG code: SS06_4700/SS06_4636

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; medical care
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities; information about returning to area of origin

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad
- Latrines: Household latrine; communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; new tents; tools
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking utensils; cooking fuel

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: From markets in the camp/site; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: No coping strategies used
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Smallholder agriculture/livestock; unskilled agricultural labour; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends/relatives; charitable donations; borrowing money

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No

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Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Hatash

SSWG code: SS06_4643

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash; food)
- Overall priority needs: Medical care, food; employment
- Information needs: None reported

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site; complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; tools; wire
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; winter heaters

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; food distributions
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; spending savings; selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: Yes
Site Overview

**Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Hatash Ashwoae**

**Type of site:** Tents

**Building in active use:** NA

**Estimated IDP population:** 925

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6

**Population breakdown:**
- 35% male and 65% female
- 65% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Maadan, Ar-Raqqa governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; medical care
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to make complaints; information about returning to area of origin

**WASH**
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Open defecation; communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); open defecation within the camp
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Inefficient garbage collection and removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

**Healthcare**
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

**Shelter/NFIs**
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; insufficient number of shelters for the population
- Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; plastic sheeting; new tents
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; water containers

**Food/Livelihoods**
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; food distributions
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (No income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; support from friends/relatives; spending savings

**Education/Protection**
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

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**Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Jammaet Al Motaqadeen**

**Type of site:** Buildings

**Building in active use:** No

**Estimated IDP population:** 6

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 45% male and 55% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 0% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; vocational training
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to make complaints; how to find job opportunities

**WASH**
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

**Healthcare**
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; NGO clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free & for purchasing)

**Shelter/NFIs**
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; insufficient number of shelters for the population
- Shelter needs: Tents
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; bedding items (sheets, pillows); cooking utensils

**Food/Livelihoods**
- Main food source: From markets in the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. driver, cleaner))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

**Education/Protection**
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Jarwoah

**Site Overview**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 371
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 35% male and 65% female
  - 40% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Primary area of origin:** #N/A, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 2%
- **Top intended destination:** Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

**CCCM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- **Overall priority needs:** Education for children; medical care; shelter support
- **Information needs:** How to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs; how to enrol children in school

**WASH**
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Household latrine; Open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Infrequent garbage collection and removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

**Healthcare**
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** No

**Shelter/ NFIs**
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unusable
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; tarps; additional tents
- **Household needs:** Clothing; sources of light; shoes

**Food/ Livelihoods**
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from family and friends in the area; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour; humanitarian aid; unskilled agricultural labour)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

**Education/ Protection**
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

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Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Kabash Tashrin

**Site Overview**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 600
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 45% male and 55% female
  - 45% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Primary area of origin:** #N/A, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 2%
- **Top intended destination:** Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

**CCCM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- **Overall priority needs:** Education for children; medical care; shelter support
- **Information needs:** How to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs; how to enrol children in school

**WASH**
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine; open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Infrequent garbage collection and removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

**Healthcare**
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFIs**
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of heating; lack of lighting; leaking during rain
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; tarps; additional tents
- **Household needs:** Clothing; winter heaters; disposable diapers

**Food/ Livelihoods**
- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site; food distributions
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction)); humanitarian aid
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Spending savings; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; support from friends/relatives

**Education/ Protection**
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site Overview</th>
<th>SSWG code: SS06_4678</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of site:</strong> Tents</td>
<td><strong>CCCMM</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Building in active use:</strong> NA</td>
<td>• Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash; winter blankets)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDP population:</strong> 625</td>
<td>• Overall priority needs: Education for children; food; medical care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</strong> 6</td>
<td>• Information needs: How to access health facilities</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Population breakdown:</strong></td>
<td><strong>WASH</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% male and 60% female</td>
<td>• Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Pipelines connection to house (or neighbour’s); public tap/standpipe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% children (under 18)</td>
<td>• Water access: Everyone/Nearly everyone has enough water for their needs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% elderly (60+)</td>
<td>• Water quality: No issues reported</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
<td>• Latrines: Household latrine</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
<td>• Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp</td>
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<td><strong>Primary area of origin:</strong> Tadmor, Homs governorate</td>
<td>• Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Population intending to move within 6 months:</strong> 2%</td>
<td>• Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Top intended destination:</strong> Sokhnay, Homs governorate</td>
<td>• Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; infrequent garbage collection and removal</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Healthcare**

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

**Shelter/ NFIs**

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; unable to lock home securely
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; washing powder (for clothes)

**Food/ Livelihoods**

- Main food source: Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; selling productive assets
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (Income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; selling assets

**Education/ Protection**

- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No

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<table>
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<th>SSWG code: SS06_4703</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of site:</strong> Tents</td>
<td><strong>CCCMM</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Building in active use:</strong> NA</td>
<td>• Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash; winter blankets)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDP population:</strong> 420</td>
<td>• Overall priority needs: Shelter support; medical care; food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</strong> 6</td>
<td>• Information needs: How to access assistance; how to enrol children in school; how to find job opportunities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population breakdown:</strong></td>
<td><strong>WASH</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% male and 60% female</td>
<td>• Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% children (under 18)</td>
<td>• Water access: Everyone/Nearly everyone has enough water for their needs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25% elderly (60+)</td>
<td>• Water quality: Water tastes bad; water smells bad</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> None reported</td>
<td>• Latrines: Household latrine; open defecation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> None reported</td>
<td>• Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary area of origin:</strong> Tadmor, Homs governorate</td>
<td>• Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population intending to move within 6 months:</strong> 9%</td>
<td>• Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Top intended destination:</strong> NA</td>
<td>• Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Healthcare**

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFIs**

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; structures are not sturdy and breakfall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of heating; unable to lock home securely; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household
- Shelter needs: New tents; tarps; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; water containers; winter blankets

**Food/ Livelihoods**

- Main food source: From markets in the camp/site; food distributions
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Selling productive assets; buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (Income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; selling assets; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

**Education/ Protection**

- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Masakeen Al Shorta

Site Overview
Type of site: Buildings
Building in active use: No
Estimated IDP population: 675
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
- 60% male and 40% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 25% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): 175
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Ar-Ra’ee, Aleppo governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; clothing; medical care
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Piped connection to house (or neighbour’s)
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free & for purchasing)

Shelter/NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; tools
- Household needs: Cooking fuel; cooking utensils; winter blankets

Food/Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from markets in the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. driver, cleaner); self-employed (commercial business owner); humanitarian aid)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; selling assistance items received
- Accessing previous income source

Education/Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: Yes

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Rabia

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 580
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 7
Population breakdown:
- 50% male and 50% female
- 35% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Oqerbat, Hama governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Medical care, education for children; food
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp; digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: Communal showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location; burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/unsuitable; lack of insulation from heat
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Winter blankets; heating fuel; winter clothes

Food/Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; skipping meals
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); unskilled agricultural labour)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; spending savings

Education/Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
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Ar-Raqqa sub-district, Ar-Raqqa, Syria
February 2020

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Rasheed Ghaba camp
SSWG code: SS06_4655/SS06_4657

Site Overview

| Type of site: | Tents |
| Building in active use: | NA |
| Estimated IDP population: | 700 |
| Estimated IDPs per shelter: | 6 |

Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 60% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Tabni, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCC
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Employment; medical care; vocational training
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad
- Latrines: Communal latrine; household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; infrequent garbage collection and removal

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; unable to lock home securely
- Shelter needs: Additional tents; plastic sheeting; tools
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking utensils; cooking fuel

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (No income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No

---

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Southern Masakeen Al Shorta
SSWG code: SS06_4744/SS06_4745

Site Overview

| Type of site: | Buildings |
| Building in active use: | No |
| Estimated IDP population: | 520 |
| Estimated IDPs per shelter: | NA |

Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): 160
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): 10
Primary area of origin: Ariha, Idlib governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCC
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; cash)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; medical care
- Information about returning to area of origin how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic; NGO clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Leaking during rain; insufficient number of shelters for the population
- Shelter needs: Tools
- Household needs: Cooking fuel; washing powder (for clothes); disposable diapers

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From markets in the camp/site; from local markets outside the camp/site; food distributions; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (No income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends/relatives; charitable donations; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
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Ar-Raqqa sub-district, Ar-Raqqa, Syria
February 2020

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Southern Röyan + Northern Röyan
SSWG code: SS06_4701/SS06_4702

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 465
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
40% male and 60% female
25% children (under 18)
10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Tadmor, Homs governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash; winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; medical care
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs; how to access assistance

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal; complete lack of garbage removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

Shelter/NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; tools; new tents
- Household needs: Cooking stoves; water containers; heating fuel

Food/Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food brought with them from their place of origin
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Selling productive assets; selling non-productive assets
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (Income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: Yes

Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Tal Al Bayaa
SSWG code: SS06_4716

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 720
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
40% male and 60% female
40% children (under 18)
25% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Homs, Homs governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Food; shelter support; medical care
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine; household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic; NGO clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from heat; lack of heating; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; insufficient number of shelters for the population; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; water containers; winter blankets

Food/Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Selling productive assets; selling non-productive assets; buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (Income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** tents

- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 1,450
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6

**Population breakdown:**
- 60% male and 40% female
- 30% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

**Primary area of origin:** Hama, Hama governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%

Top intended destination: NA

---

**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** tents

- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 600
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 1

**Population breakdown:**
- 50% male and 50% female
- 35% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Sokhneh, Homs governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%

Top intended destination: NA

---

**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** tents

- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 1,450
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6

**Population breakdown:**
- 60% male and 40% female
- 30% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known

**Primary area of origin:** Hama, Hama governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%

Top intended destination: NA

---

**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** tents

- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 600
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 1

**Population breakdown:**
- 50% male and 50% female
- 35% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Sokhneh, Homs governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%

Top intended destination: NA
### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Tents
**Building in active use:** NA
**Estimated IDP population:** 4,225
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6

**Population breakdown:**
- 45% male and 55% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 15% elderly (60+)

- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Mansura, Ar-Raqqa governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment; food; medical care
- **Information needs:** How to access assistance; how to make complaints; how to find job opportunities

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck; surface water (lake, pond, dam, river)
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** Water is a bad colour
- **Latrines:** Household latrine; open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (NGO clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** No

### Shelter/NFIs
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; tarps; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Bedding items (sheets, pillows); mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel

### Food/Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Borrowing money

### Education/Protection
- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

---

### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Tents
**Building in active use:** NA
**Estimated IDP population:** 3,800
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6

**Population breakdown:**
- 50% male and 50% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Tadmor, Homs governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** No
- **Overall priority needs:** Medical care, education for children; employment
- **Information needs:** How to access assistance; how to make complaints; how to find job opportunities

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** Water tastes bad
- **Latrines:** Household latrine; open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Infrequent garbage collection and removal

### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; public hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/NFIs
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; additional tents; tools
- **Household needs:** Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking stoves; cooking fuel

### Food/Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** No (No income reported)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Support from friends/relatives; charitable donations; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

### Education/Protection
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No
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Ar-Raqqa sub-district: Western Kabash1 & 2
SSWG code: SS06_4704/SS06_4705

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 750
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 10
Population breakdown:
- 55% male and 45% female
- 25% children (under 18)
- 25% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Tadmor, Homs governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

SSWG code: SS06_4704/SS06_4705

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 1.592
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 65% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Oqeirbat, Hama governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

SSWG code: SS06_4659
### Jurneyyeh sub-district: Haweja Halawa

**Type of site:** Buildings  
**Building in active use:** No  
**Estimated IDP population:** 120  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 50% male and 50% female  
- 40% children (under 18)  
- 15% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA  

**Site Overview**

- **Type of site:** Buildings  
- **Population breakdown:**  
  - 50% male and 50% female  
  - 40% children (under 18)  
  - 15% elderly (60+)  
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
- **Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate  
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
- **Top intended destination:** NA

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### Karama sub-district: Al Kajeelah school

**Type of site:** School buildings  
**Building in active use:** Yes (School)  
**Estimated IDP population:** 18  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 25% male and 75% female  
- 75% children (under 18)  
- 10% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Primary area of origin:** Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

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### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)  
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment; food; medical care  
- **Information needs:** How to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Public tap/standpipe  
- **Water access:** More than half of the population has enough water for their needs  
- **Water quality:** No issues reported  
- **Latrines:** Household latrine  
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Designated space outside the shelter  
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places  
- **Garbage disposal method:** Disposing at another location  
- **Garbage disposal issues:** No challenges reported

### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; pharmacy)  
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/NFI
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from cold; lack of heating; lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)  
- **Shelter needs:** Tarpaulins; timber; plastic sheeting  
- **Household needs:** Mattresses/sleeping mats; washing powder (for clothes); heating fuel

### Food/Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site  
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes  
- **Access to income:** Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)  
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Selling assistance items received; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

### Education/Protection
- **Access to education:** Yes  
- **Child labour reported:** Yes  
- **Early marriage reported:** No
Site Overview

Karama sub-district: Sahla Al Banat

**Type of site:** Buildings
Building in active use: No
Estimated IDP population: 12
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
- 25% male and 75% female
- 75% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa governate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

**SSWG code:** SS06_4690

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Tools for shelter repair; food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; medical care; sanitation
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to get information for household registration; financial assistance
- Employment: No
- Income: No
- Medical care: No
- Sanitation: No

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: None reported

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (NGO clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for minor illness: No

### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): None
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; heating fuel

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; humanitarian aid)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; selling assets

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

Karama sub-district: Awjah Battir school

**Type of site:** Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 1,380
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 65% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Maadan, Ar-Raqqa governate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

**SSWG code:** SS06_4660

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Employment; medical care; sanitation
- Information needs: None

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: None (#N/A)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): None
- Household needs: Cooking fuel; mattresses/sleeping mats; heating fuel

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (Income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
### Mansura sub-district: Al Hamam

**Site Overview**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 710
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 7
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 60% male and 40% female
  - 35% children (under 18)
  - 20% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Oqeirbat, Hama governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

#### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Food; medical care; shelter support
- Information needs: How to access assistance; sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

#### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water quality: Water tastes bad; water smells bad; water is a bad colour; people got sick after drinking the water
- Latrines: Private toilets available for children and teachers at kindergarten when open
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp; digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

#### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/motor space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/unsuitable; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating; lack of insulation from heat
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Sources of light; heating fuel; winter clothes

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; spending savings; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

#### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

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### Mansura sub-district: Al Hurah

**Site Overview**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 90
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 70% male and 30% female
  - 50% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Tabni, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

#### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Medical care; clothing; employment
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities

#### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage is not collected/disposed of
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

#### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/motor space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/unsuitable; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating; lack of insulation from heat
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Sources of light; heating fuel; winter clothes

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: No coping strategies used
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction); gifts/ in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

#### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
Site Overview

**Mansura sub-district: Al Hurah 1**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 1,080
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 4
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 40% male
  - 60% female
  - 50% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Al Makhrim, Homs governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; shelter support
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities

**WASH**
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: None
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: None

**Healthcare**
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: None (#N/A)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/NIIs**
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; tools
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; winter blankets

**Food/Livelihoods**
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:
  - Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
  - Buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

**Education/Protection**
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

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**Mansura sub-district: Eastern Abu Kabeea**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 1,080
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 4
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 40% male
  - 60% female
  - 50% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Tefnaza, Idleb governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; shelter support; food
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities

**WASH**
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Piped connection to house (or neighbour’s)
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: None
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

**Healthcare**
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Primary health care facility)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/NIIs**
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of privacy inside shelter; leaking during rain; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; insufficient number of shelters for the population
- Shelter needs: New tents; tools; additional tents
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; heating fuel; winter blankets

**Food/Livelihoods**
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from markets in the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:
  - Purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
  - Buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; unskilled agricultural labour)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; selling assets

**Education/Protection**
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
**Site Overview**

**Mansura sub-district: Hamam camp**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 49
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 7
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 45% male and 55% female
  - 45% children (under 18)
  - 5% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Maadan, Ar-Raqqa governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCMM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Food, medical care, water
- Information needs: How to make complaints; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

**WASH**
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine; open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

**Healthcare**
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** None (NA)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** No

**Shelter/ NFIs**
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; tarpaulins; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Bedding items (sheets, pillows); cooking fuel; sources of light

**Food/ Livelihoods**
- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

**Education/ Protection**
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

**Site Overview**

**Mansura sub-district: Safsafa Al Mansoura**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 315
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 35% male and 65% female
  - 65% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Abul Thohur, Idleb governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCMM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; medical care
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities

**WASH**
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine; open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); open defecation within the camp
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Disposing at another location; burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

**Healthcare**
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** No

**Shelter/ NFIs**
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)
- **Shelter needs:** Wire; new tents; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; water containers

**Food/ Livelihoods**
- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

**Education/ Protection**
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes
Basira sub-district: Al Tawoameyah

### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Tents  
**Building in active use:** NA  
**Estimated IDP population:** 875  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 9  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 40% male and 60% female  
- 35% children (under 18)  
- 15% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 50  
**Primary area of origin:** Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 8%  
**Top intended destination:** Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

**Distributions in the month before data collection:** No  
**Overall priority needs:** Food; medical care; winterisation kits  
**Information needs:** How to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc.

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Basira sub-district: BOUS1/Karkisia school

### Site Overview

**Type of site:** School building  
**Building in active use:** NA  
**Estimated IDP population:** 37  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 35% male and 65% female  
- 35% children (under 18)  
- 20% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known  
**Primary area of origin:** Ashara, Deir-ez-Zor governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 9%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

**Distributions in the month before data collection:** No  
**Overall priority needs:** Employment; water; sanitation  
**Information needs:** How to access assistance; information about returning to area of origin how to find job opportunities.

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**CCCMM**

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck  
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs  
- Water quality: Water tastes bad

**WASH**

- Latrines: Communal latrine  
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)  
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places

**Healthcare**

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating  
- Shelter needs: Tools; wire  
- Household needs: Winter blankets; winter clothes; heating fuel

**Food/Livelihoods**

- Main food source: Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from local markets outside the camp/site  
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food

**Education/Protection**

- Access to education: Yes  
- Child labour reported: Yes  
- Early marriage reported: Yes

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**CCCMM**

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck  
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs  
- Water quality: Water tastes bad

**WASH**

- Latrines: Communal latrine  
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)  
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places

**Healthcare**

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating

**Food/Livelihoods**

- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site  
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food

**Education/Protection**

- Access to education: Yes  
- Child labour reported: Yes  
- Early marriage reported: Yes
Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Basira sub-district, Deir-ez-Zor, Syria
February 2020

Basira sub-district: BOUS20
SSWG code: SS21_4574

Site Overview

Type of site: School building
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 24
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

SSWG code: SS21_4579

Basira sub-district: BOUS5/Khalil Madhan school

Site Overview

Type of site: School building
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 31
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
- 35% male and 65% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

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### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Tents  
**Building in active use:** NA  
**Estimated IDP population:** 65  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 2  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 40% male and 60% female  
- 65% children (under 18)  
- 5% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Primary area of origin:** Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

**Estimated IDP population:** 4  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 2  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 40% male and 60% female  
- 40% children (under 18)  
- 15% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Primary area of origin:** Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Medical care; food; shelter support
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water smells bad; water is a bad colour
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Public hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI s
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting
- Shelter needs: New tents; plastic sheeting; tools
- Household needs: Sources of light; heating fuel; bedding items (sheets, pillows)

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From family and friends in the area; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; governmental aid)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Chantable donations; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: Yes

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Food; employment; shelter support
- Information needs: How to enrol children in school; how to find job opportunities

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad; water is a bad colour; people got sick after drinking the water
- Latrines: Open defecation
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp; digging private pits; designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; infrequent garbage collection and removal

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; primary health care facility; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

### Shelter/ NFI s
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; tarpaulins; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Bedding items (sheets, pillows); cooking stoves; sources of light

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); self-employed (commercial business owner); humanitarian aid)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
Site Overview

Basira sub-district: HEJN9

Type of site: School building
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 25
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
  - 35% male and 65% female
  - 40% children (under 18)
  - 20% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

Distributions in the month before data collection: No
Overall priority needs: Employment; water; sanitation
Information needs: How to access assistance; information about return to area of origin how to access health facilities

Basira sub-district: Hejneh school 1

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 525
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 9
Population breakdown:
  - 40% male and 60% female
  - 45% children (under 18)
  - 15% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
Overall priority needs: Employment; shelter support; food
Information needs: How to find job opportunities

SSWG code: SS21_4595

SSWG code: SS21_4584
## Basira sub-district: Ibn Kuthair school
### SSWG code: SS21_4586

**Site Overview**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of site:</th>
<th>School building</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Building in active use:</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated IDP population:</td>
<td>225</td>
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<td>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population breakdown:</td>
<td>40% male and 60% female</td>
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<tr>
<td>60% children (under 18)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>5% elderly (60+)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; medical care; food
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe; piped connection to house (or neighbour’s)
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water is a bad colour; water tastes bad
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; skipping meals
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Charitable donations; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: Yes

---

## Basira sub-district: Kanat Al Rai camp/SHI 34 Hammad school
### SSWG code: SS21_4606

**Site Overview**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of site:</th>
<th>Tents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Building in active use:</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated IDP population:</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population breakdown:</td>
<td>45% male and 55% female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65% children (under 18)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1% elderly (60+)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; medical care; shelter support
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: No latrines
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp; designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges reported

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free & for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. driver, cleaner); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
### Basira sub-district: SAB11

**SSWG code:** SS21_4623

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site Overview</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of site:</strong> School building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Building in active use:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDP population:</strong> 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population breakdown:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45% male and 55% female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23% children (under 18)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15% elderly (60+)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary area of origin:</strong> Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population intending to move within 6 months:</strong> 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Top intended destination:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCCM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall priority needs: Shelter support; employment; food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities; information about returning to area of origin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WASH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water quality: No issues reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrines: Communal latrine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facilities: Communal showers/bathing places</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; infrequent garbage collection and removal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Healthcare</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Public hospital/clinic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free for purchasing)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shelter/ NFI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information needs: None reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Household needs: Sources of light; bedding items (sheets, pillows); heating fuel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food/ Livelihoods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Main food source:</strong> Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:</strong> Skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; buying food with money usually used for other things</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Access to food market(s):</strong> Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Access to income:</strong> Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; casual unskilled labour (construction))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reported livelihood coping strategies:</strong> Spending savings; borrowing money; selling assistance items received</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education/ Protection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Access to education: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child labour reported: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early marriage reported: Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Basira sub-district: SAB13

**SSWG code:** SS21_4612

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site Overview</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of site:</strong> School building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Building in active use:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDP population:</strong> 55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population breakdown:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70% male and 30% female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% children (under 18)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20% elderly (60+)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary area of origin:</strong> Muhasan, Deir-ez-Zor governorate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population intending to move within 6 months:</strong> 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Top intended destination:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCCM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall priority needs: Medical care; employment; water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WASH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water access: Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water quality: Water smells bad; water is a bad colour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrines: Communal latrine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternatives to latrines in use: Designated space outside the shelter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places; Communal showers/bathing places</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; infrequent garbage collection and removal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Healthcare</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shelter/ NFI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information needs: None reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Household needs: Sources of light; winter blankets; heating fuel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food/ Livelihoods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Main food source:</strong> From local markets outside the camp/site; food distributions; from family and friends in the area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:</strong> Skipping meals; reducing meal size; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Access to food market(s):</strong> Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Access to income:</strong> Yes (Humanitarian aid; casual unskilled labour (construction))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reported livelihood coping strategies:</strong> Borrowing money; selling assistance items received; spending savings</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education/ Protection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Access to education: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child labour reported: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early marriage reported: Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Basira sub-district: SAB23

### Site Overview

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 50
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 5
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 55% male and 45% female
  - 30% children (under 18)
  - 20% elderly (60+)
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; medical care
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; information about returning to area of origin how to access assistance

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; infrequent garbage collection and removal

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; insufficient number of shelters for the population
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Sources of light; heating fuel; bedding items (sheets, pillows)

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; humanitarian aid; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; selling assistance items received; spending savings

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

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## Basira sub-district: SAB24

### Site Overview

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 35
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 4
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 50% male and 50% female
  - 32% children (under 18)
  - 21% elderly (60+)
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Food; employment; shelter support
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to access assistance; information about returning to area of origin

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal; infrequent garbage collection and removal

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; plastic sheeting; tarpaulins
- Household needs: Sources of light; bedding items (sheets, pillows); heating fuel

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; selling assistance items received

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
Site Overview

**Basira sub-district: SAB4**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 1,200
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 45% male and 55% female
  - 15% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** 10
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Primary area of origin:** Muhasan, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

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**Basira sub-district: Sabha Village**

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 850
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 5
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 55% male and 45% female
  - 30% children (under 18)
  - 25% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
- **Primary area of origin:** Abu Kamal, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

---

**CCCM**

- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Shelter support; food; employment
- **Information needs:** How to access assistance; information about returning to area of origin

**WASH**

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation within the camp
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal; infrequent garbage collection and removal

**Healthcare**

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Public hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (free & for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFIs**

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Insufficient number of shelters for the population; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; plastic sheeting; tarpaulins
- **Household needs:** Bedding items (sheets, pillows); sources of light; heating fuel

**Food/ Livelihoods**

- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Spending savings; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives; selling assistance items received

**Education/ Protection**

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes

---

**CCCM**

- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Shelter support; food; employment
- **Information needs:** How to access assistance; information about returning to area of origin

**WASH**

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation within the camp
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal; infrequent garbage collection and removal

**Healthcare**

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Public hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (free & for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFIs**

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; insufficient number of shelters for the population
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; plastic sheeting; tarpaulins
- **Household needs:** Bedding items (sheets, pillows); sources of light; heating fuel

**Food/ Livelihoods**

- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Spending savings; borrowing money; support from friends/relatives; selling assistance items received

**Education/ Protection**

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes
Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Basira sub-district, Deir-ez-Zor, Syria
February 2020

SSWG code: SS21_4581

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 1,125
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 11
Population breakdown:
40% male and 60% female
40% children (under 18)
15% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): 500
Primary area of origin: Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 8%
Top intended destination: Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in

SSWG code: SS21_4620

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 70
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 1
Population breakdown:
55% male and 45% female
30% children (under 18)
20% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Muhasan, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in

---

Distributions in the month before data collection: No
Overall priority needs: Medical care, shelter support, winterisation kits
Information needs: How to replace missing documents; how to enrol children in school; how to find job opportunities

---

Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
Water quality: Water tastes bad; water is a bad colour
Latrines: Household latrine; communal latrine
Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the camp; open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits
Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); burning garbage
Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

---

No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; public hospital/clinic)
Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

---

Access to education: Yes
Child labour reported: Yes
Early marriage reported: Yes

---

Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; selling non-productive assets
Access to food market(s): Yes
Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction); humanitarian aid)
Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; charitable donations; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; selling assistance items received

---

Access to education: No
Child labour reported: Yes
Early marriage reported: Yes
### Site Overview

**Type of site:** School building

**Building in active use:** NA

**Estimated IDP population:** 38

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 60% children (under 18)
- 0% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Food; medical care; clothing
- **Information needs:** Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation within the camp
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Garbage collection (local authorities)
- **Garbage disposal issues:** No challenges reported

### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Pharmacy)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes

### Shelter/MI NFIs
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from cold; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** None reported
- **Household needs:** Cooking fuel; sources of light; heating fuel

### Food/Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes; Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. driver, cleaner); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; humanitarian aid
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money

### Education/Protection
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

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### Site Overview

**Type of site:** School building

**Building in active use:** NA

**Estimated IDP population:** 18

**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 45% male and 55% female
- 60% children (under 18)
- 0% elderly (60+)

**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Food; medical care; clothing
- **Information needs:** Sponsorship programs; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation within the camp
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Garbage collection (local authorities)
- **Garbage disposal issues:** No challenges reported

### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Pharmacy)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes

### Shelter/MI NFIs
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** None reported
- **Household needs:** Cooking fuel; heating fuel; disposable diapers

### Food/Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Borrowing money

### Education/Protection
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No
**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Building

Building in active use: No

Estimated IDP population: 19

Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA

Population breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 5% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 5%

Top intended destination: NA

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**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Buildings

Building in active use: No

Estimated IDP population: 190

Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA

Population breakdown:
- 55% male and 45% female
- 65% children (under 18)
- 0% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 8%

Top intended destination: NA

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**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** School building

Building in active use: NA

Estimated IDP population: 19

Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA

Population breakdown:
- 55% male and 45% female
- 65% children (under 18)
- 0% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%

Top intended destination: NA

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**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Buildings

Building in active use: No

Estimated IDP population: 190

Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA

Population breakdown:
- 55% male and 45% female
- 65% children (under 18)
- 0% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate

Population intending to move within 6 months: 8%

Top intended destination: Damascus, Damascus governorate
Kisreh sub-district: Alsalman camp

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 135
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 5

Population breakdown:
- 35% male and 65% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 5% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 11%
Top intended destination: Al-Hasakeh, Al-Hasakeh governorate

SSWG code: SS13_4572

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; cash; winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; winterisation kits
- Information needs: How to access assistance; sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad; water smells bad
- Latrines: Open defecation
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; public hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFIIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; tarpaulins
- Household needs: Winter blankets; winter clothes; heating fuel

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; selling non-productive assets
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction); humanitarian aid)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

Kisreh sub-district: Hawaij Thyab Jazera camp

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 275
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 7

Population breakdown:
- 35% male and 65% female
- 50% children (under 18)
- 5% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported

Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 5%
Top intended destination: Al-Hasakeh, Al-Hasakeh governorate

SSWG code: SS13_4570

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; cash; winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; winterisation kits
- Information needs: How to access assistance; sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad; water smells bad
- Latrines: Open defecation
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; infrequent garbage collection and removal; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic; NGO clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFIIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Winter blankets; heating fuel; disposable diapers

Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; pension from government)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; selling assets; charitable donations; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
From markets in the camp/site; food distributions; from family and friends in

SSWG code: SS13_4571

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 170
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 5
Population breakdown:
  35% male and 65% female
  50% children (under 18)
  7% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 15%
Top intended destination: Damascus, Damascus governorate

WASH

Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
Water quality: Water tastes bad
Latrines: Open defecation
Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits
Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; disposing at another location
Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFI

Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of heating
Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
Household needs: Winter blankets; winter clothes; heating fuel

Food/ Livelihoods

Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
Access to food market(s): Yes
Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); pension from government; humanitarian aid)
Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

Access to education: Yes
Child labour reported: Yes
Early marriage reported: Yes

Sur sub-district: HARJ1/Saad Ben Muaz school

SSWG code: SS17_4633

Site Overview

Type of site: Buildings
Building in active use: No
Estimated IDP population: 120
Estimated IDPs per shelter: NA
Population breakdown:
  40% male and 60% female
  40% children (under 18)
  10% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

WASH

Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
Water quality: Water tastes bad; water is a bad colour; people got sick after drinking the water
Latrines: Open defecation
Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); digging private pits; designated space outside the shelter
Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; disposing at another location
Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

Healthcare

No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; primary health care facility; pharmacy)
Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free)

Shelter/ NFI

Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; lack of insulation from cold; lack of heating; lack of lighting; lack of privacy inside shelter; Many are heavily damaged/unusable
Shelter needs: None reported
Household needs: Bedding items (sheets, pillows); cooking stoves; winter blankets

Food/ Livelihoods

Main food source: From markets in the camp/site; food distributions; from family and friends in the area
Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Skipping meals; reducing meal size; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
Access to food market(s): Yes
Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); self-employed (commercial business owner); humanitarian aid)
Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

Access to education: Yes
Child labour reported: Yes
Early marriage reported: No
**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** School buildings

- **Building in active use:** Yes (School)
- **Estimated IDP population:** 60
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

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**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Tents

- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 115
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 5

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 15% elderly (60+)

- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

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**CCCMM**

- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment; shelter support; sanitation
- **Information needs:** Sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

**WASH**

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** Water tastes bad; water is a bad colour; people got sick after drinking the water
- **Latrines:** Open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

**Healthcare**

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2
  - Public hospital/clinic; primary health care facility; pharmacy
  - Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free & for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFI**

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- **Shelter needs:** None reported
- **Household needs:** Bedding items (sheets, pillows); water containers; sources of light

**Food/ Livelihoods**

- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Smallholder agriculture/livestock; casual unskilled labour (construction); self-employed (commercial business owner))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

**Education/ Protection**

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No

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**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** School buildings

- **Building in active use:** Yes (School)
- **Estimated IDP population:** 60
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** NA

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)

- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

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**Site Overview**

**Type of site:** Tents

- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 115
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 5

**Population breakdown:**
- 40% male and 60% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 15% elderly (60+)

- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported

**Primary area of origin:** Hajin, Deir-ez-Zor

**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%

**Top intended destination:** NA

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**CCCMM**

- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Education for children; shelter support; employment
- **Information needs:** Information about returning to area of origin; how to find job opportunities; how to enrol children in school

**WASH**

- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** Water tastes bad; water is a bad colour; people got sick after drinking the water
- **Latrines:** Open defecation
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation within the camp; open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); designated space outside the shelter
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage; disposing at another location
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; infrequent garbage collection and removal

**Healthcare**

- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1
  - Public hospital/clinic
  - Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free & for purchasing)

**Shelter/ NFI**

- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of heating; lack of insulation from cold
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; tarpaulins; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Bedding items (sheets, pillows); cooking stoves; sources of light

**Food/ Livelihoods**

- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from markets in the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Reducing meal size; buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Smallholder agriculture/livestock; humanitarian aid; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Spending savings; support from friends/relatives; selling assistance items received

**Education/ Protection**

- **Access to education:** Yes
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No
Menbij sub-district: Al Karassan

SSWG code: SS15_4561

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 68
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
- 45% male and 55% female
- 30% children (under 18)
- 25% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: As-Safira, Aleppo governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: No
- Overall priority needs: Employment; food; clothing
- Information needs: How to access assistance; sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine; open defecation
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Public hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (free)

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain
- Shelter needs: New tents; tarpaulins; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Cooking utensils; water containers; sources of light

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; skipping meals
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. driver, cleaner); gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

Menbij sub-district: Al Younes stadium

SSWG code: SS15_4696

Site Overview

Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 40
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 8
Population breakdown:
- 60% male and 40% female
- 35% children (under 18)
- 20% elderly (60+)

New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Winter blankets; heaters; food)
- Overall priority needs: Food; shelter support; sanitation
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: Water tastes bad; water is a bad colour; people got sick after drinking the water
- Latrines: No latrines
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Digging private pits; open defecation within the camp
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Sources of light; heating fuel; winter clothes

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Reducing meal size; skipping meals; buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; spending savings; borrowing money

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
### Menbij sub-district: Al-Amriyah

#### Site Overview

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 155
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 4
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 60% male and 40% female
  - 55% children (under 18)
  - 10% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

#### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; winter blankets)
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment; food; shelter support
- **Information needs:** How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities

#### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

#### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Private hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (free)

#### Shelter/ NFIs
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of privacy inside shelter; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household
- **Shelter needs:**
  - Household needs:

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** No income reported
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** None reported

#### Education/

#### Protection
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes

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### Menbij sub-district: Arbaa Kilo camp

#### Site Overview

- **Type of site:** Tents
- **Building in active use:** NA
- **Estimated IDP population:** 30
- **Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 8
- **Population breakdown:**
  - 50% male and 50% female
  - 50% children (under 18)
  - 5% elderly (60+)
- **New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported
- **Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate
- **Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
- **Top intended destination:** NA

#### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- **Overall priority needs:** Education for children; employment; shelter support
- **Information needs:** How to make complaints; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

#### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- **Water quality:** No issues reported
- **Latrines:** Household latrine
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** None reported
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Infrequent garbage collection and removal

#### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic)
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFIs
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unsuitable; lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation
- **Shelter needs:**
  - Household needs:
  - *Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; cooking stoves*

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area; food distributions
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Support from friends/relatives; charitable donations; borrowing money

#### Education/

#### Protection
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** No
### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Tents  
**Building in active use:** NA  
**Estimated IDP population:** 126  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 45% male and 55% female  
- 30% children (under 18)  
- 5% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

#### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Winter blankets; heaters)  
- **Overall priority needs:** Education for children; employment; shelter support  
- **Information needs:** How to enrol children in school; how to find job opportunities; how to access assistance

#### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck  
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs  
- **Water quality:** No issues reported  
- **Latrines:** Household latrine  
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Designated spaces inside the shelter  
- **Bathing facilities:** Private showers/bathing places  
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage  
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

#### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)  
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** No

#### Shelter/ NFI
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; limited ventilation; lack of lighting; lack of heating  
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; plastic sheeting; tools  
- **Household needs:** Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking utensils; clothing

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site  
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes  
- **Access to income:** No (No income reported)  
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Spending savings; borrowing money

#### Education/ Protection
- **Access to education:** No  
- **Child labour reported:** No  
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes

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### Site Overview

**Type of site:** Tents  
**Building in active use:** NA  
**Estimated IDP population:** 110  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6  
**Population breakdown:**  
- 60% male and 40% female  
- 50% children (under 18)  
- 10% elderly (60+)  
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** None reported  
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate  
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%  
**Top intended destination:** NA

#### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Winter blankets; heaters)  
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment; food; shelter support  
- **Information needs:** How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities

#### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck  
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs  
- **Water quality:** No issues reported  
- **Latrines:** Communal latrine  
- **Alternatives to latrines in use:** Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)  
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places  
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage  
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

#### Healthcare
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Private hospital/clinic)  
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

#### Shelter/ NFI
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)  
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; additional tents; tools  
- **Household needs:** Mattresses/sleeping mats; winter blankets; heating fuel

#### Food/ Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site  
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes  
- **Access to income:** Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; humanitarian aid; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)  
- **Reported livelihood coping strategies:** Selling assets; borrowing money; selling assistance items received

#### Education/ Protection
- **Access to education:** No  
- **Child labour reported:** Yes  
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes
Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Menbij sub-district, Aleppo, Syria
February 2020

Menbij sub-district: Jab Makhzom

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 24
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
- 60% male and 40% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 5% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): None reported
Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Winter blankets; heaters)
- Overall priority needs: Shelter support; education for children; employment
- Information needs: How to access assistance; sponsorship programs

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

Shelter/NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from heat; lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; plastic sheeting; tarpaulins
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; clothing

Food/Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No (No income reported)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No

Menbij sub-district: Kaber Kabeer-Kabereja Kabeera

Site Overview
Type of site: Tents
Building in active use: NA
Estimated IDP population: 108
Estimated IDPs per shelter: 6
Population breakdown:
- 39% male and 61% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 15% elderly (60+)
New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection): Not known
Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo governorate
Population intending to move within 6 months: 0%
Top intended destination: NA

CCCMM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; shelter support; clothing
- Information needs: How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities; sponsorship programs

WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal

Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

Shelter/NFIs
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/unusable; lack of insulation from cold; lack of lighting
- Shelter needs: New tents; plastic sheeting; tarpaulins
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; cooking fuel; water containers

Food/Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; food distributions
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

Education/Protection
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
Informal Settlement Profiles & COVID-19 Vulnerability
Menbij sub-district, Aleppo, Syria
February 2020

Site Overview

SSWG code: SS15_4566

**Menbij sub-district: Kaber Sagheer-Kabereja Sagheera**

**Type of site:** Tents
**Building in active use:** NA
**Estimated IDP population:** 21
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 7
**Population breakdown:**
- 35% male and 65% female
- 40% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
**Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCMM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; medical care; vocational training
- Information needs: How to enrol children in school; how to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

**WASH**
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Many are heavily damaged/unsuitable; lack of insulation from cold; leakage during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; plastic sheeting; timber
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; water containers; cooking supplies
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

**Healthcare**
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Pharmacy; private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/NFIs**
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/unsuitable; lack of insulation from cold; leakage during rain; lack of privacy inside shelter; lack of lighting; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; plastic sheeting; timber
- Household needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; water containers; cooking supplies
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

**Food/Livelihoods**
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; food distributions
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); unskilled agricultural labour)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

**Education/Protection**
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes

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**Menbij sub-district: Kanat Al Sheikh Tabash**

**Type of site:** Tents
**Building in active use:** NA
**Estimated IDP population:** 100
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6
**Population breakdown:**
- 50% male and 50% female
- 45% children (under 18)
- 10% elderly (60+)
**New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
**Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):** Not known
**Primary area of origin:** Maskana, Aleppo governorate
**Population intending to move within 6 months:** 0%
**Top intended destination:** NA

**CCCMM**
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; medical care
- Information needs: How to access assistance; sponsorship programs; how to find job opportunities

**WASH**
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

**Healthcare**
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

**Shelter/NFIs**
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/unsuitable; lack of insulation from cold; lack of privacy inside shelter; unable to lock home securely
- Shelter needs: New tents; additional tents; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Heating fuel; cooking fuel; washing powder (for clothes)
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

**Food/Livelihoods**
- Main food source: Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food; skipping meals
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; unskilled agricultural labour; gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; selling assistance items received

**Education/Protection**
- Access to education: No
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: Yes
### Menbij sub-district: Kharejah

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site Overview</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of site:</strong> Tents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Building in active use:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDP population:</strong> 216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</strong> 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population breakdown:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>40% male and 60% female</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>45% children (under 18)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>15% elderly (60+)</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> Not known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary area of origin:</strong> Dayr Hafir, Aleppo governorate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population intending to move within 6 months:</strong> 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Top intended destination:</strong> NA</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash; winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; shelter support
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the camp (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: No showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Public hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; tools; plastic sheeting
- Household needs: Washing powder (for clothes); heating fuel; bedding items (sheets, pillows)

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: No coping strategies used
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction); low skilled service industry (no formal education required); eg. driver, cleaner)
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends/relatives; borrowing money

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No

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### Menbij sub-district: Mohtareq Sagheer camp

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site Overview</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of site:</strong> Tents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Building in active use:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDP population:</strong> 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated IDPs per shelter:</strong> 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population breakdown:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>40% male and 60% female</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>40% children (under 18)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>10% elderly (60+)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> None reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):</strong> None reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary area of origin:</strong> Khanaser, Aleppo governorate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population intending to move within 6 months:</strong> 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Top intended destination:</strong> NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CCCM
- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; employment; shelter support
- Information needs: How to find job opportunities; how to access health facilities

### WASH
- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water quality: No issues reported
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None reported
- Bathing facilities: Private showers/bathing places
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; garbage collection (local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal

### Healthcare
- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; private hospital/clinic; NGO clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes (for purchasing)

### Shelter/ NFI
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; leaking during rain; shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; lack of insulation from heat
- Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; tools; new tents
- Household needs: Cooking fuel; cooking stoves; batteries

### Food/ Livelihoods
- Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area; food distributions
- Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food: Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; casual unskilled labour (construction))
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends/relatives; charitable donations; borrowing money; reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

### Education/ Protection
- Access to education: Yes
- Child labour reported: Yes
- Early marriage reported: No
## Menbij sub-district: Tal Yasteen

**Type of site:** Tents  
**Building in active use:** NA  
**Estimated IDP population:** 34  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6

### Population Breakdown:
- 40% male and 60% female  
- 30% children (under 18)  
- 20% elderly (60+)

### New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):
Not known

### Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):
Not known

### Primary area of origin:
Tadaf, Aleppo governorate

### Population intending to move within 6 months:
0%

### Top intended destination:
NA

### Information needs:
- How to enrol children in school; how to access assistance

### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** No
- **Overall priority needs:** Education for children; employment; food
- **Information needs:** How to enrol children in school; how to access assistance

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs  
- **Water quality:** No issues reported  
- **Latrines:** Householder latrine
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

### Healthcare
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Insufficient number of shelters for the population; lack of insulation from cold
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; tarpaulins; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Cooking utensils; cooking stoves; water containers

### Shelter/INF
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)  
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (free)

### Food/Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** From local markets outside the camp/site; from family and friends in the area
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (for purchasing)  
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. driver, cleaner))

### Education/Protection
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes

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## Menbij sub-district: Um Tamakh

**Type of site:** Tents  
**Building in active use:** NA  
**Estimated IDP population:** 90  
**Estimated IDPs per shelter:** 6

### Population Breakdown:
- 50% male and 50% female  
- 45% children (under 18)  
- 5% elderly (60+)

### New arrivals (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):
Not known

### Departures (in the 2 weeks prior to data collection):
Not known

### Primary area of origin:
Maskana, Aleppo governorate

### Population intending to move within 6 months:
0%

### Top intended destination:
NA

### Information needs:
- How to enrol children in school; how to access assistance

### CCCM
- **Distributions in the month before data collection:** Yes (Food)  
- **Overall priority needs:** Employment; shelter support; winterisation kits
- **Information needs:** How to access assistance; how to find job opportunities; information about returning to area of origin

### WASH
- **Primary drinking water source for IDPs:** Tanker truck
- **Water access:** Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs  
- **Water quality:** No issues reported  
- **Latrines:** Household latrine
- **Bathing facilities:** No showers/bathing places
- **Garbage disposal method:** Burning garbage
- **Garbage disposal issues:** Complete lack of garbage removal

### Healthcare
- **Adequacy issues with shelter(s):** Insufficient number of shelters for the population; lack of insulation from cold
- **Shelter needs:** New tents; tarpaulins; plastic sheeting
- **Household needs:** Cooking utensils; cooking stoves; water containers

### Shelter/INF
- **No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; pharmacy)  
- **Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness:** Yes (for purchasing)

### Food/Livelihoods
- **Main food source:** Food distributions; from local markets outside the camp/site
- **Reported strategies used to cope with a lack of food:** Buying food with money usually used for other things; purchasing food on credit/borrowing money to buy food
- **Access to food market(s):** Yes
- **Access to income:** Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; unskilled agricultural labour)

### Education/Protection
- **Access to education:** No
- **Child labour reported:** Yes
- **Early marriage reported:** Yes
Endnotes

1 UNOCHA, North East Syria Displacement, 11 December 2019
2 ACAPS, Syria: Displacement in the northeast, October 2019
3 Ministerie van Buitenlandse Zaken, Country of Origin Report, Syria: The security situation, July 2019
4 Human Rights Watch, Syria: Aid Restrictions Hinder Covid-19 Response, April 2020
5 REACH, Northeast Syria Market Monitoring Exercise, March 2020
6 OCHA, Syrian Arab Republic: COVID-19 Update No. 07, 25 April 2020
7 UNHCR, Syrian Arab Republic: COVID-19 Humanitarian Update No.7, April 2020
8 Informal settlements are defined as a spontaneous grouping of tents or other housing units (5+ HHs). Settlements are usually without the presence of a dedicated Camp Administration and do not have static Camp Management, though mobile camp management activities may cover the settlement.
9 Collective centres are defined as “a settlement (5+ HHs) hosted in existing public infrastructure not originally designed as a shelter such as a school or community center. CCs do not have a static Camp Management or Camp Administration, though mobile Camp Management or local civil councils may be present, SSWG, March 2020 Update
10 Additional information and data can be obtained upon request: sitesandsettlementsnes@gmail.com
11 HNAP, COVID-19 Rapid Assessment, April 2020
12 UNICEF, Water, sanitation, hygiene and waste management for the COVID-19 virus, April 2020

About REACH’s COVID-19 response

As an initiative deployed in many vulnerable and crisis-affected countries, REACH is deeply concerned by the devastating impact the COVID-19 pandemic may have on the millions of affected people we seek to serve. REACH is currently working with Cash Working Groups and partners to scale up its programming in response to this pandemic, with the goal of identifying practical ways to inform humanitarian responses in the countries where we operate. Updates regarding REACH’s response to COVID-19 can be found in a devoted thread on the REACH website. Contact geneva@impact-initiatives.org for further information.