Research Terms of Reference

Camp Profiling XV & Intentions Survey VIII IRQ1705 & IRQ1806 Iraq

June 2021



1. Executive Summary

Country of intervention	Ira	p							
		Natural disaster	X	Conflic	.4				
Type of Emergency Type of Crisis		Sudden onset							
7							FIUITACIEU		
Mandating Body/	Ui	Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Cluster Iraq							
Agency	10	APY & 10ANW							
Project Code					C. Declineiro en co		stations if no odod		
Research Timeframe		Start collect data: 15/06/2021					ntation: if needed		
Add planned deadlines (for first cycle if more than		Data collected: 29/07/20201					alidation: 15/09/2021		
1)		Data analysed:05/08/2021			•		ublished: 30/09/2021		
1)	4.	Data sent for validation: 06/08/2	021		•	tatior	sent for validation: if		
Number of	v	0:			needed				
Number of	Х	0 () ,				,			
assessments		This ToR only applies to this ro				s to á	a multi-assessment		
		and it is conducted in approxim			iths cycle				
		Multi assessment (more than o	ne	cycle)					
Humanitarian	Milestone				Deadline				
milestones		HNO Sectoral Analysis Support							
Specify what will the		HNO Joint Analysis Workshop(s)						
assessment inform and when		Inter-cluster plan/strategy							
e.g. The shelter cluster		Donor plan/strategy							
will use this data to draft	X	Cluster plan/strategy:			Ongoing – as each Camp Directory is				
its Revised Flash Appeal;		The CCCM Cluster will use the	find	dings	released.				
Audience Type &		to plan for the in-camp respons	e a	nd					
Dissemination Specify		make operational decisions cor	ncei	rning	This round will i	inforr	n the Humanitarian		
who will the assessment		priority needs in camps.			Planning Cycle	2022	2.		
inform and how you will disseminate to inform the	Χ	NGO platform plan/strategy			Ongoing – as each Camp Directory is				
audience		Humanitarian actors providing			released.				
audience		assistance in internally displace	ed						
		persons (IDP) camps across Ira	aq v	vill	This round will i	inforr	n the Humanitarian		
		use the findings to make decisi	ons	and	Planning Cycle	2022	2.		
		plan activities in camp that will	targ	jet					
		identified vulnerabilities and ne	-						
			cus						
		Other (Specify):	cus						

Audience Type &	Audience type	Dissemination			
Dissemination Specify	x Strategic:	x General Product Mailing (e.g. email to NGO			
who will the assessment	Findings will be used by humanitarian	consortium; HCT participants; donors)			
inform and how you will	actors working in IDP camps across	La Obietes Mallian (Education Obellar			
disseminate to inform the audience	Iraq, to make decisions about the	x Cluster Mailing (Education, Shelter and			
audience	provision of assistance and to identify	WASH) and presentation of findings at			
	the most pressing needs in each camp,	next cluster meeting			
	as well as which camps are most in	x Presentation of findings (e.g. at HCT			
	need across each governorate.	meeting; Cluster meeting)			
	x Programmatic:				
	CCCM Cluster	x Website Dissemination (Relief Web &			
	x Operational:	REACH Resource Centre)			
	The CCCM Cluster and partners will use				
	the findings of this Camp Profiling and				
	Intentions assessment to inform their				
	programming as well as planning for the				
	closure and consolidation of IDP camps.				
Detailed dissemination		x No			
plan required					
General Objective	To enable effective humanitarian planning ir	n line with the needs and intentions of IDPs			
	living in formal camps across Iraq.				
Specific Objective(s)	Camp Profiling:				
	Camp Proming.				
		needs and vulnerabilities in camps, with a cross-			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. 				
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on service. 	needs and vulnerabilities in camps, with a cross- vice provision and existing infrastructure in the			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp.			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r To enable longitudinal analysis of the 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp.			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r To enable longitudinal analysis of the previous rounds of camp profiling. 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp.			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r To enable longitudinal analysis of the previous rounds of camp profiling. Intention Survey: 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp. needs of IDPs in camps, assessed in the 14			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r To enable longitudinal analysis of the previous rounds of camp profiling. Intention Survey: In each camp, identify the proportion of 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp. needs of IDPs in camps, assessed in the 14 of IDPs who intend to return, relocate, and			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r To enable longitudinal analysis of the previous rounds of camp profiling. Intention Survey: In each camp, identify the proportion of remain in place in the following three a Identify potential timing, scale, and get 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp. needs of IDPs in camps, assessed in the 14 of IDPs who intend to return, relocate, and and twelve months. ographical destinations of reported movement			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r To enable longitudinal analysis of the previous rounds of camp profiling. Intention Survey: In each camp, identify the proportion of remain in place in the following three a Identify potential timing, scale, and gen intentions, in order to support the resp 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp. needs of IDPs in camps, assessed in the 14 of IDPs who intend to return, relocate, and and twelve months. ographical destinations of reported movement ionse to the closure and consolidation of camps.			
	 Provide household-level data on IDP r sectoral focus. Provide up-to-date information on serv camps. To map out the layout, infrastructure, r To enable longitudinal analysis of the previous rounds of camp profiling. Intention Survey: In each camp, identify the proportion of remain in place in the following three a Identify potential timing, scale, and gen intentions, in order to support the resp 	vice provision and existing infrastructure in the roads, and facilities in each camp. needs of IDPs in camps, assessed in the 14 of IDPs who intend to return, relocate, and and twelve months. ographical destinations of reported movement ionse to the closure and consolidation of camps. may influence movement intentions or be			

Research Questions	Camp Prof	ïling:					
	1. W	hat is the displacement profile of	IDP	households?			
	What is the average household demographic profile? (Number of members, age of members, sex of head of household, time since first displacement)						
	3. What are the protection needs and vulnerabilities amongst IDP households						
	4. W	hat movement restrictions do hou	useł	nolds face?			
		5. To what extent do IDP households have the necessary documentation and information to access assistance and services?					
	6. W	hat is the ability to access food a	nd a	are IDP household's food secure?			
	7. W	•		e and sufficient health services amongst			
		hat is the level of access to water nongst IDP households?	r, sa	anitation and hygiene (WASH) facilities			
	9. W hc	n standard education services amongst IDP					
		hat is the availability of and acces suseholds?	ss to	o livelihood opportunities for IDP			
	11. What are the current shelter conditions in IDP camps and top priority needs for Shelter/NFI?						
	12. What is the level of satisfaction of IDP households receiving aid?						
	13. What is the current status of the camp? (Location, size, capacity)						
	 What infrastructures currently exists in the camp? (Presence of roads, drainage, fencing, WASH Facilities etc.) 						
	Intentions Survey:						
		hat are the movement intentions onths?	of II	DP households in the next three and twelve			
	2. W	hat factors affect IDP intentions t	o re	turn to their area of origin (AoO)?			
	3. Ho	ow do IDP households perceive t	he c	conditions in their area of origin?			
	4. W	hat factors affect IDP intentions t	o re	turn to their area of origin?			
Geographic Coverage							
Geographic Goverage	hosting at le	7 IDP camps managed by the CC east 100 households, located in t /ah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Nir	he g				
Secondary data	hosting at lo Sulaymaniy	east 100 households, located in t	he g	governorates of: Al-Anbar, Al-			
	hosting at le Sulaymaniy	east 100 households, located in t /ah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Nin	he g	governorates of: Al-Anbar, Al-			
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Secondary data	hosting at le Sulaymaniy • <u>Ca</u> • In • <u>Co</u> • Ot wi	east 100 households, located in t vah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Nir amp Profiling Rounds I to XIV tentions Survey I to VII CCM FSMT (Formal Site Monitor ther relevant assessments in any thin the same time frame.	ing sec	governorates of: Al-Anbar, Al- a governorates. Tool) ctor conducted in the IDP camps assessed			
Secondary data	hosting at le Sulaymaniy • Ca • In • Co • Of wi • To Me	east 100 households, located in t yah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Nin amp Profiling Rounds I to XIV tentions Survey I to VII CCM FSMT (Formal Site Monitor ther relevant assessments in any thin the same time frame. pols and Lessons Learned from s povement Intentions Assessments	ing imila	governorates of: Al-Anbar, Al- a governorates.			
Secondary data	hosting at le Sulaymaniy • <u>Ca</u> • In • <u>Cr</u> • Of wi • Tc Ma as	east 100 households, located in t yah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Nin amp Profiling Rounds I to XIV tentions Survey I to VII CCM FSMT (Formal Site Monitori ther relevant assessments in any thin the same time frame. bols and Lessons Learned from s ovement Intentions Assessments assessments).	ing iewa sec	governorates of: Al-Anbar, Al- a governorates. <u>Tool)</u> ctor conducted in the IDP camps assessed ar REACH assessments (e.g. IDP evious Camp Profiling and Intentions			
Secondary data sources	hosting at le Sulaymaniy • Ca • In • Co • Of wi • To Mas • Ge	east 100 households, located in t vah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Nin amp Profiling Rounds I to XIV tentions Survey I to VII CCM FSMT (Formal Site Monitor ther relevant assessments in any thin the same time frame. bols and Lessons Learned from s ovement Intentions Assessments sessments). eo-spatial data (e.g. UNOSAT sa	ing sec imilia , pro tellit	governorates of: Al-Anbar, Al- a governorates. <u>Tool)</u> ctor conducted in the IDP camps assessed ar REACH assessments (e.g. IDP evious Camp Profiling and Intentions			
Secondary data	hosting at le Sulaymaniy • <u>Ca</u> • In • <u>Cu</u> • Ot • Ot • Tc Ma as • Ge x IDP	east 100 households, located in t yah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Nin amp Profiling Rounds I to XIV tentions Survey I to VII CCM FSMT (Formal Site Monitori ther relevant assessments in any thin the same time frame. bols and Lessons Learned from s ovement Intentions Assessments assessments).	ing ing sec imila , pro- tellif	governorates of: Al-Anbar, Al- a governorates. <u>Tool)</u> ctor conducted in the IDP camps assessed ar REACH assessments (e.g. IDP evious Camp Profiling and Intentions te imagery).			

Camp Profiling XV and Intentions VIII, June 2021

	Refugees in host communities				□ Refugees [Other, Specify]				
		Host communities	แธง		□ [Other, Specify]				
Stratification				Cro				Other Specify 1 #	
Select type(s) and enter	x	Geographical: Accessible IDP Camps			•	t: ion size per		[Other Specify] #: Population size per	
number of strata		Population size per strata				s known?		strata is known?	
		is known? x Yes □ No		oua □Ye					
Data collection tool(s)	x	Structured (Quantitative)			x		ل ا ا		
		Sampling method ¹				ata collection n		,	
Structured data	-	oosive / Snowballing			_			w (Target #):	
collection tool # 1	-	bability / Simple random				Group discussion			
HH survey		bability / Stratified simple randor	n			Household intervi			
		□ Probability / Cluster sampling						arget #):	
							-		
		Probability / Stratified cluster sampling					-	arget #):	
0(1)	-	[Other, Specify]				[Other, Specify] (
Structured data collection tool # 2	x Purposive				r camp)	ervie	w (Target #): 27 (one Kl		
KII	Probability / Simple random				□ Group discussion (Target #):				
	□ Pro	bability / Stratified simple rando	random			□ Household interview (Target #):			
	□ Pro	Probability / Cluster sampling			□ Individual interview (Target #):				
	□ Pro	bability / Stratified cluster samp	ling		□ Direct observations (Target #):				
	□ [Other, Specify]						- /		
					[Other, Specify] (Target #): x Key informant interview (Target #): 27 (one Kl				
Structured data collection tool # 3	x Purp					Key informant inte r camp)	ervie	w (Target #): 27 (one KI	
KII camp mapping	□ Pro	bability / Simple random			□ Group discussion (Target #):				
	 Probability / Stratified simple random Probability / Cluster sampling Probability / Stratified cluster sampling 								
					□ Household interview (Target #):				
					□ Individual interview (Target #):				
	□ [Oth	ner, Specify]			□ Direct observations (Target #):				
				□ [Other, Specify] (Target #):					
Target level of	1.Prot	pability / stratified simple randor	n sa	mplin	g - 9	5% confidence le	vel,	with a 10 +/- margin of	
precision if probability	error.								
sampling	2.Purp	posive / snowballing sampling -	NA						
Data management platform(s)	x	IMPACT				UNHCR			
		[Other, Specify]							
Expected output type(s)		Situation overview #:	x		port mm	#: 1 Executive ary	x	Profile #: 1 for each camp	
		Presentation (Preliminary findings) #:	x	Pre #: *		itation (Final)		Factsheet #: 2 Intentions Factsheets	

¹ The sampling methodology will be determined by the context and the situation in the specific locations at the time of data collection. Please see Section 3. Methodology.

² The total number of target interviews was calculated from up to date household numbers in each camp, and then how many households would need to be sampled in order to gather data that is representative at a 95% confidence level (with a 10% margin of error). *www.reach-initiative.org*

Camp Profiling XV and Intentions VIII, June 2021

		Interactive dashboard #:		Webmap #:		Map #: 1 for each camp		
	x	Cleaned and formatted dataset						
Access	x	Public (available on REACH resource centre and other humanitarian platforms)						
	X	 Restricted (bilateral dissemination only upon agreed dissemination list, no publication on REACH or other platforms) – KI interviews 						
Visibility <i>logos</i>		he CCCM Cluster and REACH logos will be included in the profiles, report and ntations.						

2. Rationale

2.1. Rationale

Between late 2013 and 2017, intensification of conflict in north and central Iraq has resulted in large scale displacement. Following the de-escalation of active military operations against ISIL, Iraq has witnessed an increase in numbers of IDPs returning to their Area of Origin (AoO). Although many have since already returned, as of the beginning of 2021 approximately 1.2 million people remain internally displaced – with more than half of them for more than four years, and 4.1 million people needing some form of humanitarian assistance, including 2.4 million people with acute humanitarian needs¹. This includes 187,555 individuals that reside in 29 IDP camps, or composite camp areas.²

The round VII of REACH-CCCM Intentions Assessment in April 2021, which looked at 15 prioritised camps, found that only 1% of IDPs intended to return over the twelve months following data collection.³ Considering the rapidly-changing context of the crisis with the closure and consolidation of camps from August-December 2020 as well as new displacements and waves of returns throughout Iraq, including the movement of Iraqis previously in Syrian camps to camps in Iraq, up-to-date information about the needs of IDPs and available infrastructure and services in camps is necessary in order to address these needs as well as plan the camp strategy for the coming months. The conditions in camps differ greatly from one camp to another as well as between governorates, thus regular monitoring of conditions is essential to strategise appropriately the consolidation of some camps and closure of others in the coming year.

While the humanitarian situation in Iraq has been gradually improving over the past two years, the transitional process has been defined by persisting political instabilities, resurgences of localised conflicts, and regional insecurities that are not directly related to the protracted displacement crisis. The large scale protests that broke out in Central Southern cities in late 2019, the Turkish military offensive in Northeast Syria, the heightened tensions between the United States and Iran and an increase in attacks of non-state armed groups on civilian and military targets have led to a substantial worsening of the political and security situation in Iraq and have added another layer of complexity to the humanitarian response. The current economic situation in Iraq is also characterised by a currency devaluation, due to oil-price collapse in 2020, happening for the first time in decades, which further shrinks the economy of the country and impacts the humanitarian situation.⁴

Furthermore, the outbreak of COVID-19 in Iraq represents a public health crisis that could further aggravate the humanitarian situation and exacerbate existing vulnerabilities.⁵ The first case of COVID-19 in Iraq was recorded in February 2020 and as of 10 June, the World Health Organisation had recorded 1,237,856 confirmed as well as 16,614 deaths related to COVID-19.⁶ While the Iraqi government was able to largely contain the spread of the virus in the early stages, government-imposed

- ³ REACH-CCCM Intentions Round VII, Preliminary Findings Presentation. Available <u>here</u>.
- ⁴ UNHCR IMPACT Initiatives, "The Impact of COVID-19 on daily-wage work and the refugee households that rely on it in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq (KR-I)", Financial Times (online) "Iraq devalues currency by a fifth as oil-price collapse hits".
- ⁵ Humanitarian Needs Overview 2021, available <u>here</u>.
- ⁶ World Health Organisation COVID-19 Iraq website, available <u>here</u>.

¹ Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, <u>OCHA in Iraq</u>.

² National CCCM Cluster Reporting, as of February 2021. The 29 camps include 'camp areas', which are composed of multiple smaller camps e.g. Amriyat al Fallujah which is composed of 21 small camps under the same management. Available <u>here</u>.

lockdowns, and movement restrictions have inhibited access of millions of Iraqis to livelihood opportunities, education, and essential health services. The recent increase in COVID-19 cases throughout Iraq, as well as the ongoing access constraints have further restricted the provision of humanitarian aid to populations in need.

Camp Profiles:

To inform a more effective humanitarian response for IDPs living in camps, REACH and Iraq CCCM Cluster conduct IDP Camp Profiling assessments. Information from this profile will be used to monitor camp conditions and highlight priority needs and service gaps faced by households in all accessible IDP camps across Iraq, as well as multi-sectoral differences across camps, in order to address needs, and to inform prioritisation of camps for consolidation or closure where necessary. The data collected by the Camp Profiling will provide a comprehensive evidence base for programming and for future monitoring exercises inside camps. In addition, results of Camp Profiling will inform future planning by the CCCM cluster, as the primary harmonised mechanism for assessing IDP camps across Iraq.

Intentions:

The different settings in which IDPs reside can have a considerable impact on their stability in their area of displacement and the specific threats and vulnerabilities that they may face, which may in turn affect intentions to move, with regard to decisions to return or remain, and reasons for doing so. Consequently, it is important to understand and assess the movement intentions of IDP population groups.

3. Methodology

3.1. Methodology overview

Primary data collection will consist of household-level surveys in each camp; however, due to the ongoing health risks that the spread of COVID-19 poses to enumerators and respondents, as well as the movement restrictions related to the government-imposed COVID-19 containment measures, data collection will be conducted either face-to-face or remotely via phone, depending on the situation in the location at the time of data collection.

The Camp Profiling and Intentions assessment, is composed of two different tools for household (HH) and Key Informants (KI) interviews (semi-structured surveys), as well camp mapping. For the HH survey, where data collection is conducted face-to-face, accessible camps in Iraq will be surveyed with a 95% level of confidence and a 10% margin of error, based off the population of each camp. Where HH data collection is conducted remotely REACH will establish a contact list for each camp and collect surveys until the determined survey target is met. To remain consistent with previous rounds, the target number of surveys has been calculated at a 95% confidence level with a 10% margin of error; however, if data collection is conducted remotely this information should be considered indicative, as a non-probability purposive sampling method would have been used. In the case of IDP camps where REACH have no IDP households' contact information, REACH will ask the CCCM Cluster to provide a beneficiary contact list. In case the lists provided by CCCM Cluster do not meet our surveys target, REACH enumerators will use snowball sampling to reach our quota.

The KI interviews and mapping will be conducted either face-to-face or remotely, depending on the COVID-19 situation at the time of data collection. The KI interviews and camp mapping will be conducted with Camp Managers or Deputy Camp Managers, whose contact will be provided by CCCM Cluster. Data collection for this round of Camp Profiling and Intentions Survey is scheduled to begin on 15 June 2021 and will last until 30 July 2021, and the total number surveys collected through this round of Camp Profiling and Intentions Survey has a target of 2,281 IDP HH surveys, 27 KI interviews, and 27 KI interviews for the mapping.

Data collection will be conducted in 27 IDP camps which have at least 100 households in: Al-Anbar, Al-Sulaymaniyah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Ninewa governorates.

- Household-level surveys: stratified or purposive sampling, between 50 and 100 household surveys per camp.
- **Camp manager Key Informant (KI) interview:** 27 KI interviews with camp manager(s) to complement information gathered from the household survey.

• **Mapping:** 27 KI interviews with camp manager(s) for the mapping of key infrastructure such as roads, facilities, shelters, offices and other structures, to be used for satellite imagery analysis.

Data cleaning will be conducted on a daily basis during data collection. Data that is deemed inconsistent will be highlighted and shared with the field team for clarification or rectification. Once data collection is complete, profiles will be created primarily using the information from the household surveys and camp manager KI interviews. Data will be cleaned and analysed using R (HH survey) and excel (KIIs).

3.2. Population of interest

Geographical area: all accessible camps of Iraq with more than a hundred households in the following governorates: Al-Anbar, Al-Sulaymaniyah, Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, and Ninewa governorates. Accessibility is determined by whether REACH enumerators are able to conduct the tasks necessary for the methodologies outlined below, and may be limited by factors such as permissions from relevant actors in the area, security considerations, and time constraints.

Population: IDP households residing in camps (household surveys) and camp managers (KI interview).

3.3. Secondary data review

Secondary data sources to be reviewed include:

- Camp profiling Rounds I to XIV will be used for the longitudinal analysis conducted for the comparative summary. Available <u>here</u>.
- Intentions surveys Rounds I to VII. Available <u>here</u>.
- Previous REACH comparative reports.
- CCCM Cluster FSMT (Formal Site Monitoring Tool). Available <u>here</u>.
- Other relevant assessments in any sector conducted in the IDP camps assessed within the same time frame.
- Geo-spatial data (e.g. UNOSAT satellite imagery).

3.4. Primary Data Collection

REACH, in coordination with the CCCM Cluster will conduct an assessment of IDP camps. Data collection is conducted by REACH enumerators, under the supervision of a REACH Field Coordinator or Assessment Officer. Due to the serious health risks that the spread of COVID-19 poses to enumerators and respondents, the data collection methodology for this assessment will depend on the COVID-19 context of the location at the time of data collection.¹ Enumerators hired by REACH will conduct household-level quantitative surveys (Annex 2 and 3) and KI interviews of Camp Managers in IDP camps (Annex 4).

3.4.1 COVID-19 data collection scenarios

The design and implementation of data collection activities for the Camp Profiling and Intentions assessment will be contingent on the current operational context in Iraq with regards to security-related measures and the spread of COVID-19. In particular, considerations around movement restrictions and barriers in conducting home visits and face-to-face interviews will feed into the decision about which sampling and data collection methodology will be employed in districts.

Scenario Planning **Operational Context**

Data Collection Methodology

¹ IMPACT's Standard Operation Procedure for Data Collection during COVID-19 can be found <u>here</u>. *www.reach-initiative.org*

-	There are no safety concerns or movement restrictions limiting a full-scale face-to-face data collection methodology in any of districts including in the sampling framework.	through face-to-face interviews, in all
Scenario 2: Partly operational	There are some safety concerns and/or movement restrictions in some camps, but this may change during the data collection period. Other camps are fully accessible and there are no concerns related to face-to-face data collection.	through face-to-face interviews in those camps where no safety concerns or
Scenario 3: Fully restrictive	There are safety concerns and/or movement restrictions in all districts included in the sampling framework.	•

Based upon the latest assessments of the COVID-19 spread and access restrictions in Iraq, it is likely that a mixed methodology of face-to-face and remote data collection will take place for the assessment. It is possible that for certain camps, safety concerns to enumerators and respondents will be marginal and that physical access to those camps will be possible. All face-to-face data collection will be conducted in alignment with REACH's Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Data Collection during COVID-19, which provide field teams with guidance on how to undertake data collection in the field. These SOPs aim to protect target populations and staff while ensuring that key information on the humanitarian situation is collected. The procedures require staff to adhere to strict rules of hygiene, use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) – e.g. face masks, hand sanitizers – and social distancing before, during and after data collection.

Due to the rapidly changing context, as well as the unpredictable nature of the COVID-19 crisis in Iraq, data collection plans will have to contain a certain degree of flexibility and adaptability.

3.4.2 Data Collection and Sampling

The sampling methodology for each camp will depend on the data collection method that will be employed: face-to-face or remote data collection. For the household quantitative surveys, the persons interviewed will have to be adult (18 years old or above). If possible, the head of the households will be interviewed, if not possible any adult can represent the head of the household. In the following two sub-sections, the sampling methodologies and data collection practices for each methodology are described in more detail.

3.4.2.1 Face-to-Face

IDPs residing in accessible camps in Iraq will be surveyed with a 95% level of confidence and a 10% margin of error, based off the population of each camp. The full list of assessed camps and the sample size for each, is available in Annex 1.

As a primary method, a stratified sample of households (stratified by camp) will be drawn at the camp level, based on up to date occupied shelter lists provided by camp managers. Where lists of occupied shelters have not been provided, random GPS points will be generated across the camp to determine which households are selected for interview. Sampling maps will be provided to the teams; when in the field the nearest household to each point will be selected and interviewed. This seeks to avoid sampling bias that could result from the collection of an unrepresentative composite sample.

For camps that have already been mapped, the grid points that fall inside infrastructure can be removed, thereby sampling only from residential areas. For new camps, boundaries and general layout will be collected beforehand in order to generate grids and to remove as many infrastructure points as possible – if a sampled point falls on infrastructure the nearest available household to that point is still interviewed.

3.4.2.2 Remote

For those camps where data collection through face-to-face interviews is inhibited by safety concerns and/or movement restrictions, enumerators, will conduct surveys remotely using a purposive sampling approach to ensure that the data collected is indicative of each camp. REACH aims to conduct the determined representative number (95% level of confidence and a 10% margin of error) of interviews at camp level, to keep the sample size consistent with the representative sample from previous rounds, however results will be indicative.

REACH will establish contact lists in camps where REACH has contact information of IDP households from previous assessments. In the case of IDP camps where REACH does not have contact information, REACH will ask for assistance from the CCCM Cluster. In the cases where the lists do not meet the target number of surveys, a snowball sampling methodology will be implemented until the survey quota is reached.

Surveys will be conducted remotely in REACH call centres established within REACH offices. Enumerators are provided with a mobile phone, with the Kobo software downloaded, to enter information into the relevant kobo survey. The field officers will share participant contact information with enumerators each day to prevent enumerators calling the same participants. In order to track this information, enumerators will call the participant up to three times, then enumerators will request another number to call from the Field Officers and the phone number will be marked as "non-responsive".

3.4.3 Tools

Two tools will be used: a household-level questionnaire and KI interviews with camp managers.

3.4.3.1 Household Survey

The household survey is a multi-sectoral structured questionnaire. It aims to collect information at household levels about their situation on the different sectors (demographic, displacement, protection, livelihood, food security, health, WASH, shelter and NFI, education, and aid received). The questionnaire is based off earlier rounds of camp profiles, incorporating lessons learnt and CCCM Cluster inputs. The questionnaire will be uploaded to REACH Kobo server.

Any amendments to the tool will be done in consultation with the CCCM Cluster, but with the aim of maintaining consistency between camp profiling rounds to enable longitudinal analysis. As much as possible, data will be uploaded on a daily basis by REACH Senior Field Officers (SFOs) to be cleaned by the Assessment Officer who will provide feedback to the SFOs. Feedback will be shared on a daily basis via google spreadsheet or phone with REACH FCs to support their morning debriefing to the field teams.

3.4.3.2 KI Survey

The KI interviews with camp managers are conducted to complement information gathered from the household survey. In particular, the KI surveys will gather information on camp capacity and services, and aim to collect information related to the camp population, camp structure, camp management, and camp distributions. The questionnaire will be uploaded to the REACH Kobo server.

3.4.4 Camp Mapping

Camp infrastructure mapping usually takes place in conjunction with the Camp Profiling and Intentions assessment, and this was included in the Intentions VII assessment in April 2021. Within the Intentions VII assessment three camps were mapped face-to-face and twelve were mapped remotely. Within this round of Camp Profiling XV and Intentions VIII assessment, the three camps mapped face-to-face in the Intentions VII round will not be mapped again. In addition, if data collection in the Intentions VII 12 camps which were assessed remotely, is conducted remotely again rather than face-to-face, these 12 camps will not be mapped again.

3.4.3.1 Face-to-face

In camps where face-to-face data collection is undertaken, camp mapping will also be conducted face-to-face. After the KI interviews, the GIS team and/or field team will sit with the camp manager and determine if there have been any changes to the camp since the previous round of camp mapping.

3.4.3.2 Remote

For those camps where data collection through face-to-face data collection is inhibited by safety concerns and/or movement restrictions, enumerators, will conduct camp mapping remotely. At the end of the KI interview, camp managers or duty camp managers will be asked about the best method that is available to them to conduct the camp mapping. Upon determining this method, the GIS officer will email a PDF of the relevant camp map, as well as the related interview questions, to the KI (Annex 5). If technical conditions allow it, the mapping process will then involve the GIS officer interviewing and sharing their screen showing the PDF of the relevant camp map, with the KI through videoconference (Skype, Zoom or any other similar platform). This videoconferencing and screen sharing will allow the GIS officer to display the relevant camp map, and discuss the related interview questions with the KI. If this videoconferencing is unavailable to the KI, the email will be followed by a phone call to corroborate information and fill the gaps. Previous camp maps (Camp Profiling Rounds XII and XIII) and satellite imagery will be used to help the KI to identify and locate the camp infrastructure and boundaries in the map (i.e. a Skype videoconference sharing screen broadcasting the satellite imagery or in a picture attached to the email).

3.5. Data Processing & Analysis

- Enumerators will use ODK to collect the surveys and will upload the surveys to the REACH Kobo server every evening. Camps will be assigned to each team, and data will be collected in one or two camps per team at a time until reaching the sampling target or reaching the 80% of the target for each camp. The purpose of this is to keep track of the geolocation of the surveys.
- If data collection is conducted remotely, contact lists will be sent on a weekly basis to each field coordinator containing information for camp managers and contacts to assess in the following week.
- Data entry & cleaning: A data cleaning SOP will be generated, built off of <u>the Minimum Standard Data Cleaning Checklist</u> developed by IMPACT HQ, to guide data checking, cleaning, and consolidation processes, as well as indicator-specific parameters. Data cleaning will be carried out by the technical AO on a daily basis. A pre-coded R script will be verified through manual data checks and data cleaning, particularly during the first days of data collection.
- As much as possible, data will be uploaded on a daily basis by REACH SFOs to be cleaned by the Assessment Officer or Data Officer who will provide feedback to the SFOs. Feedback will be shared on a daily basis via google spreadsheet and email. To quickly coordinate with SFOs, a Skype group will be used for updates on the ODK or possible technical issues which need a quick response.
- At the end of data collection there will be two datasets:
 - Camp Profiling: dataset with all the surveys of the camp profiling. This dataset will be used to run the analysis for the purpose of the Camp Profiling outputs. The KI dataset will have restricted access due to protection concerns. The KI dataset will be used to inform the Camp Directory, where descriptive findings will be extracted from the data to inform the output
 - 2. Camp Intentions Survey: dataset with all the HH surveys of the Intentions Survey section. This dataset will be used to run the analysis for the purpose of the Intentions Survey outputs.
- Once data for all the camps has been completed, the Assessment Officer in charge will conduct analysis through, R and excel, and amalgamate all the data into one database. There will be one dataset with all the household surveys and one dataset with all the KIs with camp managers. Anonymised versions of the raw data, clean data, cleaning log and deleted logs will be sent to the HQ data unit for final review and validation.
- Data collected will also support comparative summary writing, where data will be weighted by population size to allow
 aggregation of findings above the level of stratification. This will allow reporting of findings at the national or governorate
 level. SPSS or R will be used in order to run custom tables and excel will be used for any demographic questions which
 require to compare the number of people in a certain category to the total amount of people in the camp (demographics,
 vulnerable populations, children by gender and age for school attendance), as well as data from KI interviews.

- The results will be compared to the ones of the previous rounds of camp profiling in order to identify trends in the evolution of needs with time. However, for this round, trends should be considered indicative or probably biased.
- Due to the possible remote methodology in camps, the answer to some questions could change, negatively affecting the quality of the survey. This limitation will be acknowledged in the published outputs.

For more details on the data analysis process, see the Data Analysis Plan in Annex 1 and 2.

4. Roles and responsibilities

Table 2: Description of roles and responsibilities

Task Description	Responsible	Accountable	Consulted	Informed
Research design	Assessment Officer	Assessment Officer / CCCM Focal Point	Research Manager (RM)/ GIS Officer / IMPACT Research Design Unit (HQ) / CCCM Cluster	CCCM Cluster / Country Coordinator (CC)
Supervising data collection	Field manager / Assessment Officer / GIS Officer	Assessment Officer	CCCM Focal Point / RM / GIS Officer	CC
Data processing (checking, cleaning)	Assessment Officer or Data Officer TBD	Assessment Officer	CCCM Focal Point / IMPACT Data Unit (HQ)	CC
Data analysis	Assessment Officer or Data Officer TBD	Assessment Officer	CCCM Focal Point / IMPACT Data Unit (HQ) / CCCM Cluster	CC
Output production	Assessment Officer / GIS Officer	Assessment Officer / CCCM Focal Point	CCCM Focal Point / GIS Officer / IMPACT Reporting Unit (HQ) / GIS Unit (HQ) / CCCM Cluster	CC
Dissemination	Assessment Officer or CCCM Focal Point	Assessment Officer / CCCM Focal Point	IMPACT Communications Unit (HQ) / CC	CCCM Cluster and other relevant organisations
Monitoring & Evaluation	Assessment Officer	Assessment Officer / CCCM Focal Point	IMPACT Research Unit (HQ)	CC

Lessons learnt

Officer / CCCM Focal Point

Assessment

IMPACT Research Design CC Unit (HQ)

Responsible: the person(s) who executes the task

Accountable: the person who validates the completion of the task and is accountable of the final output or milestone

Consulted: the person(s) who must be consulted when the task is implemented

Informed: the person(s) who need to be informed when the task is completed

5. Key ethical considerations and related risks

The proposed research design meets / does not meet the following criteria:

The proposed research design	Correct/ incorrect	Details if 'incorrect' (including mitigation)
Has been coordinated with relevant stakeholders to avoid unnecessary duplication of data collection efforts?	Correct	
Respects respondents, their rights and dignity (specifically by: seeking informed consent, designing length of survey/ discussion while being considerate of participants' time, ensuring accurate reporting of information provided)?	Correct	
Does not expose data collectors to any risks as a direct result of participation in data collection?	Correct	
Does not expose respondents / their communities to any risks as a direct result of participation in data collection?	Incorrect	KI data will not be made public to protect respondents easily identifiable
Does not involve collecting information on specific topics which may be stressful and/ or re-traumatising for research participants (both respondents and data collectors)?	Correct	
Does not involve data collection with minors i.e. anyone less than 18 years old?	Correct	
Does not involve data collection with other vulnerable groups e.g. persons with disabilities, victims/ survivors of protection incidents, etc.?	Incorrect	The survey will seek informed consent, will ask whether the person feels that can answer in behalf of his/her household, sensitive questions include answers such as "Don't know" or "Refuse to respond"
Follows IMPACT SOPs for management of personally identifiable information?	Correct	

6. Data Management Plan

Full data management plan can be provided upon request.

7. Data Analysis Plan

SEE ANNEX 2, 3 and 4.

8. Monitoring & Evaluation Plan

IMPACT Objective	External M&E Indicator	Internal M&E Indicator	Focal point	Tool	Will indicator be tracked?
		# of downloads of x product from Resource Centre	Country request to HQ		x Yes
	Number of humanitarian organisations accessing IMPACT services/products Number of individuals accessing IMPACT services/products	# of downloads of x product from Relief Web	Country request to HQ		x Yes
Humanitarian stakeholders are		# of downloads of x product from Country level platforms	Country team	User_log	□ Yes
accessing IMPACT products		# of page clicks on x product from REACH global newsletter	Country request to HQ		x Yes
		# of page clicks on x product from country newsletter, SendinBlue, bit.ly	Country team		x Yes
		# of visits to x webmap/x dashboard	Country request to HQ		□ Yes
IMPACT activities contribute to better program implementation and	Number of humanitarian organisations utilising	<i>#</i> references in HPC documents (HNO, SRP, Flash appeals, Cluster/sector strategies)	Country	Reference_I og	CCCM Cluster strategy
coordination of the humanitarian response	IMPACT services/products	# references in single agency documents	tourn	59	

Humanitarian stakeholders are using IMPACT products	Humanitarian actors use IMPACT evidence/products as a basis for decision making, aid planning and delivery Number of humanitarian documents (HNO, HRP, cluster/agency strategic plans, etc.) directly informed by IMPACT products	Perceived relevance of IMPACT country-programs Perceived usefulness and influence of IMPACT outputs Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs Perceived capacity of IMPACT staff Perceived quality of outputs/programs Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs	Country team	Usage Feedback <i>and</i> Usage Survey template	Meeting and debrief with the CCCM Cluster and other relevant coordination bodies, together with NGO partners following the release of the outputs to discuss their relevance, usefulness, and quality, as well as recommendations to strengthen.
Humanitarian stakeholders are engaged in IMPACT programs throughout the research cycle	Number and/or percentage of humanitarian organisations directly contributing to IMPACT programs (providing resources, participating to presentations, etc.)	 # of organisations providing resources (i.e. staff, vehicles, meeting space, budget, etc.) for activity implementation # of organisations/clusters inputting in research design and joint analysis # of organisations/clusters attending briefings on findings; 	Country team	Engagement _log	x Yes x Yes x Yes

ANNEX 1: ESTIMATED SAMPLE SIZES PER CAMP

Governorate	District	Camp name	Total no of families (CCCM)	Final sample size (90/10)	Phone number available (not final)	% check	flag if < 50 %
Al-Anbar	Al-Falluja	AAF	522	81	65	80%	
Al-Sulaymaniyah	Kalar	Tazade	197	65	99	152%	
Al-Sulaymaniyah	Al-Sulaymaniyah	Arbat IDP	285	72	95	131%	
Al-Sulaymaniyah	Al-Sulaymaniyah	Ashti IDP	1848	91	90	98%	
Diyala	Khanaqin	Qoratu	112	52	104	200%	
Duhok	Zakho	Berseve 1	1037	88	136	154%	
Duhok	Zakho	Berseve 2	1425	90	137	152%	
Duhok	Zakho	Chamishku	4332	94	145	154%	
Duhok	Zakho	Darkar	638	84	91	108%	
Duhok	Al-Amadiya	Dawadia	505	81	135	166%	
Duhok	Sumail	Kabarto 2	2244	92	145	157%	
Duhok	Sumail	Khanke	2683	93	150	161%	
Duhok	Sumail	Bajet Kandala	1665	91	141	154%	
Duhok	Sumail	Rwanga Community	2451	92	97	105%	
Duhok	Sumail	Shariya	2438	92	142	154%	
Duhok	Sumail	Kabarto 1	2316	92	126	136%	
Erbil	Erbil	Baharka	920	87	87	100%	
Erbil	Erbil	Harshm	283	72	89	123%	
Erbil	Makhmour	Debaga 1	1421	90	89	98%	
Ninewa	Aqra	Mamilian	172	62	70	112%	
Ninewa	Al-Shikhan	Essian	2498	93	141	151%	
Ninewa	Al-Shikhan	Mamrashan	1477	90	131	145%	
Ninewa	Al-Shikhan	Sheikhan	627	83	216	260%	
Ninewa	Al-Hamdaniya	Hasansham U2	892	87	67	77%	
Ninewa	Al-Hamdaniya	Hasansham U3	1277	89	65	73%	
Ninewa	Al-Hamdaniya	Khazer M1	1073	88	67	76%	

Ninewa	Al-Mosul	Qayyarah-Jad'ah 5	1467	90	67	74%	
Total			36,848	2,281			

ANNEX 2: DATA ANALYSIS PLAN CAMP PROFILES

Indicator Group / Sector	Indicator / Variable	Questionnaire Question	Questionnaire Responses
Metadata	NA	Unique ID of enumerator	Enter unique ID
Metadata	NA	Current Governorate	List of governorates
Metadata	NA	Which district do you currently live in?	List of locations
Metadata	NA	Are you currently living in an IDP camp?	Yes No
Metadata	NA	Which IDP camp do you currently live in?	List of camps
Metadata	NA	Are you the head of household?	Yes No
Metadata	NA	If no, are you willing and able to respond to the questions on behalf of the household?	Yes No
Metadata	NA	What is your age?	Integer
Metadata	NA	Respondent's sex	Male Female
household Profile	Displacement status	How long have you been living in the camp you are currently in? (years and months)	Integer
household Profile	Displacement status	Is this location your first place of displacement?	Yes No
household Profile	Displacement status	If no, how many times were you displaced since 2014, including movement to the current location? (include any location where you spent more than one week and do not consider as a transit location)	Integer
household Profile	Displacement status	If no, is this your first time staying in a formal camp?	Yes No
household Profile	Displacement status	When did you first arrive to this camp?	Date
household Profile	% household from [governorate of origin]	What governorate in Iraq were you living in before your displacement (forced to leave your home)?	Select one governorate

household Profile	% household from [district of origin]	What district in Iraq were you living in before your displacement?	Select one district
household Profile	% household from [subdistrict of origin]	What sub-district were you living in before your displacement?	Select one sub-district
household Profile	% household that attempted return to their AoO in the past 12 months	Has your household tried return to your AoO but then decided to displace again in the past 12 months?	Yes No Decline to answer
Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with a disability (% household with at least on individual that has "lots of difficulty" or "cannot do at all" one of the following activities: seeing, hearing, walking/climbing steps, remembering/concentrating, self- care, communicating)	Is there anyone in your house who has difficulty with the following?	Seeing, even if wearing glasses Hearing, even if using a hearing aid Walking or climbing steps Remembering or concentrating Self-care, such as washing all over or dressing Communicating, such as understanding or being understood using usual language
Family Composition	Average household size	How many members are there in your household?	Integer
Family Composition	Average family size	How many members are there in your family?	Integer
Family Composition	% of [male/female] family members	What is the sex of [this person]?	Female Male
Family Composition	% of [children/adult/elderly] family members	What is the age of [this person]?	Integer
Family Composition	% of single-headed households (separated, divorced, widowed)	What is [person]'s marital status, including customary marriage?	Single Married Separated Widowed Divorced
Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with difficulty seeing	[Do/Does] [you/he/she] have difficulty seeing, even if wearing glasses? Would you say…	No difficulty Some difficulty A lot of difficulty Cannot do at all Refused Don't know

Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with difficulty hearing	[Do/Does] [you/he/she] have difficulty hearing even if using a hearing aid? Would you say	No difficulty Some difficulty A lot of difficulty Cannot do at all Refused Don't know
Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with difficulty moving	[Do/Does] [you/he/she] have difficulty walking or climbing steps? Would you say	No difficulty Some difficulty A lot of difficulty Cannot do at all Refused Don't know
Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with difficulty remembering	[Do/Does] [you/he/she] have difficulty remembering or concentrating? Would you say	No difficulty Some difficulty A lot of difficulty Cannot do at all Refused Don't know
Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with difficulty with self- care	[Do/Does] [you/he/she] have difficulty with self-care, such as washing all over or dressing? Would you say	No difficulty Some difficulty A lot of difficulty Cannot do at all Refused Don't know
Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with difficulty communicating	Using [your/his/her] usual language, [do/does] [you/he/she] have difficulty communicating, for example understanding or being understood? Would you say	No difficulty Some difficulty A lot of difficulty Cannot do at all Refused Don't know
Family Composition	% household with at least one individual with a chronic health condition	Does [this person] suffer from any of the following health conditions?	Conflict-related injury (gunshot, mines, shrapnel, etc. Communicable disease (vaccine- preventable, water-borne, vector-borne, food-borne)

Education	% of school-aged children enrolled in school for the 2020-	Was [this person] (6-17) enrolled/registered in a formal learning environment for the 2020-2021 school year?	Chronic health condition (heart disease, hypertension, blood disease, cancer, lung disease, diabetes, renal diseases) Other health issue (specify) None Yes
	2021 school year	Note: this does not mean going physically to school as schools were partially closed, but that the child was registered/affiliated/'signed-up' with a school.	Do not know Decline to answer
Education	% of households with at least one school-aged child not attending school regularly (at	While schools were open in the current school year (2020-2021), was [this person] (6- 17) attending regularly (at least 4 days a week)?	Yes No Do not know Decline to answer
Education	least 4 days a week) in the 2020-2021 school year while schools were open	While non-formal learning environments were open in the current school year, was [this person] (6-17) attending a non-formal learning environment at least 4 days per week?	Yes No Do not know Decline to answer
Education	% of households with at least one school-aged child not accessing distance education regularly (at least 4 days a week) while schools were closed	While schools were closed in the current school year (2020-2021), was [this child] (6- 17) accessing distance learning regularly? Note: this means they were doing some distance learning activities at least 4 days per week, for at least 3 hours per day e.g. listening to radio/TV broadcasts, textbook learning, online learning	No Yes, online video classes Yes, radio classes Yes, tv classes Yes, phone/whatsapp communication with teachers Yes, paper-based learning materials
Livelihoods	% of households with at least one individual working	Is [this person] currently working or contributing to household income?	Yes No
Livelihoods	% of households with at least one individual working (type of work)	If yes, what type of work was this?	Non-structured: Selling chewing gum, plastic bags, water in the bazaar or on traffics. carrier in the bazaar. Structured: Serving in shops, Hotels, restaurant, making things. Family work: sewing, farming, shepherding, selling in a shop. Other

Livelihoods	% of households with at least one individual actively seeking work	Is [this person] actively seeking work?	Yes No No, because no employment opportunities available [only if explicitly mentioned by respondent!] Do not know
Education	Main barriers to school for school-aged children	If one of the persons (6-17) was not attending (distance) education, what were the reasons?	 □ School stopped functioning and is now closed (e.g. occupied by armed forces, partially/totally damaged, occupied by displaced persons, lack of students) □ Going or attending school is not safe (e.g. unsafe to travel or go to school, fear of recruitment or abduction in/on way to school, fear of bombing, fear of violence against children at school (corporal punishment, harassment by teachers and other students, bullying) □ We can't afford to pay for the school related expenses (e.g. high cost of school supplies, tuition, textbook, food, uniforms, transport) □ We are not able to register or enrol our children in the school (e.g. lack of documentation to enrol child, recently or continuous movement to different locations, unable to enrol school due to discrimination, poor performance/dismissed) □ Health condition of child (e.g. disability, disease or traumatization) □ Physical limitations to access school (e.g. no transport, no fuel available, distance too far)

	and/or lack of staff to run the school (e.g.
	lack of skilled/trained teachers, lack of
	gender appropriate teachers/staff)
	The school infrastructure is poor (e.g.
	the schools building is in poor condition,
	lack of furniture, no electricity, water
	leaks, poor latrines, poor amenities,
	WASH facilities are in poor conditions
	(e.g. latrines maintenance, smell,
	lightning, gender segregation, poor
	menstrual hygiene management),
	facilities are not in line with COVID-19
	safety measures
	The curriculum and teaching are not
	adapted for our children (e.g. curriculum
	or language is not appropriate)
	Our children are busy working or
	supporting the household (e.g. children
	need to stay at home and assist the
	family with household chores or
	contribute to household income, early
	marriage)
	□ Parental refusal to send children to
	school (e.g. customs/tradition, don't
	believe schooling is necessary/do not
	consider education important, missed too
	much school to make up, children
	shouldn't get western education)
	□ Lack of interest of children in
	education.
	□ Unable to access distance learning:
	household does not have the required
	resources (e.g. internet connection,
	laptop)
	□ Unable to access distance learning:

			school is not offering alternative education while school buildings are closed None Other
Education	% of children dropping out of school in the previous year	During the 2020-2021 school year, how many school-aged children in the household dropped out of school?	Integer
Protection - CP	% of children under 18 currently not residing in the household	Do you have any other child, son or daughter under 18 years not living in the household?	Yes No Don't know Don't want to say
Protection - CP		If yes, how many? We would like to understand why those children are not living under your roof. I read you a list of possibilities, let me know how many children currently under 18 years fall in each category	Integer 1. Married and left the house 2. Left the house to seek employment 3. Left the house to study 4. Left the house to engage with the army or armed groups 5. Kidnapped/abducted 6. Missing (left and no news) 7. Arbitrarily detained
Food Security	categories)	Over the last 7 days, how many days did your household consume the following food? Cereals, grains, roots and tubers: rice, pasta, bread, potato, Legumes / nuts : beans, peanuts, lentils, nut, soy, and / or other nuts Milk and other dairy products: fresh milk / sour, yogurt, cheese, other dairy products (Exclude margarine / butter or small amounts of milk for tea / coffee) Meat, fish and eggs: goat, beef, chicken, , fish, including canned tuna, and / or other seafood, eggs (meat and fish consumed in large quantities and not as a condiment)	n/a Integer [<8] Integer [<8] Integer [<8]
Food Security	food expenditure share, and CS categories)	Over the last 7 days, how many days did your household consume the following food? Cereals, grains, roots and tubers: rice, pasta, bread, potato, Legumes / nuts : beans, peanuts, lentils, nut, soy, and / or other nuts Milk and other dairy products: fresh milk / sour, yogurt, cheese, other dairy products (Exclude margarine / butter or small amounts of milk for tea / coffee) Meat, fish and eggs: goat, beef, chicken, , fish, including canned tuna, and / or other seafood, eggs (meat and fish consumed in large quantities and not as a condiment)	n/a Integer [<8] Integer [<8] Integer [<8]

		Vegetables and leaves: spinach, onion, tomatoes, carrots, peppers, green beans, lettuce, cabbages, egg plants, etc	Integer [<8]
		Fruits: banana, apple, lemon, mango, watermelon, apricot, peach, pineapple, passion, gishta, orange, avocado, wild fruits etc	Integer [<8]
		Oil / fat / butter: vegetable oil, palm oil, margarine, other fats / oil	Integer [<8]
		Sugar, or sweet: sugar, honey, jam, cakes, candy, cookies, pastries, cakes and other sweet (sugary drinks)	Integer [<8]
		Condiments / Spices: tea, coffee / cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, yeast / baking powder, lanwin, tomato / sauce, meat or fish as a condiment, condiments including small amount of milk / tea coffee.	Integer [<8]
Food Security	Main source of food	What was the main source of food in the past 7 days? (do not read out list)	Purchased with food vouchers / PDS Purchased with own cash Purchased with cash assistance Receive in-kind for labour or other items Food assistance from government Purchased on credit (debt) Gift of food from family or friends Own production (including hunting, fishing, gathering) Food assistance form UN or international organizations Begging Food assistance from local charity or community Other
		In the past 30 days, was there ever no food to eat of any kind in your house because of lack of resources to get food?	Yes, No
		How often did this happen in the past 30 days?	Rarely (1-2 times), Sometimes (3-10 times), Often (10+ times)
Food Security	% of household by Household Hunger Category	In the past 30 days, did you or any household member go to sleep at night hungry because there was not enough food?	Yes, No
		How often did this happen in the past 30 days?	Rarely (1-2 times), Sometimes (3-10 times), Often (10+ times)
		In the past 30 days, did you or any household member go a whole day and night without eating anything at all because there was not enough food?	Yes, No

		How often did this happen in the past 30 days?	Rarely (1-2 times), Sometimes (3-10 times), Often (10+ times)
		During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to do one of the following things because there was not enough food or money to buy it?	n/a
		Selling household properties (refrigerator, television, jewellery)	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to
		Buying food on credit or through borrowed money from relatives and friends	me Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
Food Security	% household relying on stress / crisis / emergency strategies to cope with a lack of resources to meet basic needs.	Selling means of transport (car, motorbike	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
		Children dropout from school	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
		Reducing expenditure on non-food items (health, education)	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me

		Changing place of residence and accommodation to reduce expenses	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
		Engaging in high risk behaviour/activities	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
		Children under 18 work to provide resources	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
		Whole family are migrating	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
		Children or adult forcefully marriage	Yes No, no need to use this coping strategy No, already exhausted this coping strategy Not applicable/strategy is not available to me
Health	% household with members unable to access one or more services due to disability	Does any member of your household face any difficulties in accessing any basic services (e.g. education, health clinics, markets, etc.) due to their difficulty?	Yes No Do not know Decline to answer
Health		How long does it take you to reach the nearest health clinic? (in minutes)	integer [<60 min]

	% household that can access primary healthcare (health clinic and/or hospital) within one hour's walk from dwellings	How long does it take you to reach the nearest hospital? (in minutes)	integer [<60 min]
		Does it provide emergency services?	Yes No Do not know
Health	% of household that can access a hospital with emergency,	Does it provide maternity services?	Yes No Do not know
	maternity, surgical and paediatric services within one hour's walk from dwellings	Does it provide surgical services?	Yes No Do not know
		Does it provide paediatric services?	Yes No Do not know
Health		Has any member of your household suffered or showed signs of psychosocial distress or trauma such as nightmare, lasting sadness, extreme fatigue, being often tearful or extreme anxiety, in the last 30 days?	Yes No
	data with behaviour change)	If yes, how many persons above 18 years showed those signs? If yes, how many persons under 18 years showed those signs?	Integer
Licolth	% of individuals who report	In the last three months, has anyone in your household needed to access health services or treatment (including medicines)?	Integer Yes, no, don't know
Health	having a health care need in the last 3 months that was unmet	If yes, please tell me how many people in your household in the last 3 months were NOT able to obtain health care when they felt they needed it?	integer
Health	% of households reporting [type of difficulty] in accessing health services in the past 3 months [among households reporting unmet health care need]	What barriers if any did your household experience that prevented you from accessing the health care you needed? [choose up to 3 most important]	No issues Have not tried to access medical services Cost of consultation or treatment was too high Cost of medication was too high Did not get access to qualified health staff at the health facility Problems with civil documents Public health clinic did not provide referral

		-	
			Public health clinic not open The treatment centre was too far away/no means of transport Medical staff refused treatment without justification No medicine available at health facility/pharmacy No treatment available for my disease at
			the health facility Health services not inclusive of people with disabilities Insufficient number of female health staff Fear of contracting COVID-19 Fear or distrust of health worker, examination or treatment Waiting time to receive service too long Other
Health	% of households reporting that women of reproductive age (15- 49) face difficulty in accessing specialized reproductive health services	What barriers, if any, do women of reproductive age (15-49) face when accessing specialized reproductive health services?	No barriers No services available Financial constraints Transportation/distance constraints Services not perceived as (culturally/socially) appropriate Lack of civil documentation Not applicable to household Other (specify)
Health	% of households with women of reproductive age (15-49 years) with a live birth in the last two years at a location with skilled health personnel, among	Has any woman [15 - 49] in your household been pregnant in the last two years and completed that pregnancy with live birth? If yes, Where did the woman give birth?	Yes No Decline to answer Hospital Primary Health Care Centre (PHCC)
Health	households with a live birth in the last two years	If at home, what barriers did they face when accessing skilled health personnel?	Clinic At home No services available Financial constraints

	with a live birth in the last two years facing [barrier] as barrier to accessing skilled health personnel, among households with a live birth in the last two years		Transportation/distance constraints Services not perceived as culturally/socially appropriate Time constraints/emergency birth No barriers reported Other (specify) Improved: 1.Piped water into compound 2.Piped water connected to public tap 3.Borehole
WASH	% of household with access to an improved water source		 4.Protected well 5.Protected rainwater tank 6.Protected spring 7.Bottled water Unimproved: 8.Water Trucking 9.Illegal connection to piped network 10.Unprotected rainwater tank 11.Unprotected well 12.Unprotected spring 13. Surface water without pre-treatment (river, dam, lake, pond, stream, canal) 14. Other
		If bottled water, why is this your main source for drinking water?	Personal preference Lack of alternative sources
		If water trucking, why is this your main source for drinking water?	Personal preference Lack of alternative sources
WASH	% of household treating their water prior to drinking	Does your household treat the water in any way to make it safer for drinking? (e.g. use of filter, purification tablets)	Yes, we always treat it before drinking Yes, we sometimes treat it before drinking No, we never treat it before drinking Don't know
WASH	% of households reporting problems related to water quality		No problems with water quality The water is not clear

			The water tastes unpleasant
			The water smells unpleasant
			Other
			Don't know
		Deceyour beyonded currently have analysis water to meet the following needed	n/a
		Does your household currently have enough water to meet the following needs?	
		Drinking	Yes
			No
			Don't know
	% of households having access	Cooking	Yes
	to a sufficient quantity of water		No
WASH	for drinking and domestic		Don't know
	purposes	Personal hygiene (washing or bathing)	Yes
			No
			Don't know
		Other domestic purposes (cleaning house, floor, etc.)	Yes
			No
			Don't know
		Is the sanitation facility (latrine/toilet) your households usually uses public or private?	Public latrines (available for anyone to
	% household with access to improved functional sanitation		use)
			Communal latrines (shared between 2 or
			more specified households, e.g.
WASH			neighbouring shelters)
	facilities		Private latrines (provided by camp)
			Private latrines (self-made)
			No latrines
		What kind of sanitation facility (latrine/toilet) does your household usually use?	Flush or pour/flush toilet
		······································	Pit latrine without a slab or platform
			Pit latrine with a slab and platform
	% household with access to		Open hole
WASH	improved functional sanitation		Pit VIP toilet
	facilities		Bucket toilet
			Plastic bag
			Hanging toilet/latrine
			None of the above, open defecation
L		1	rono or the above, open delecation

			Other (specify) Don't know
WASH	% household with access to improved functional sanitation facilities	With how many households do you share this sanitation facility (latrine or toilet)? [enter 0 if not shared]	Integer
WASH	% household with access to improved functional sanitation facilities	What kind of shower/bathing places does your household usually use?	Public showers Communal showers Private showers (provided by camp) Private showers (self-made) No showers
WASH	% household with access to improved functional sanitation facilities	How many households, including your own household, use this shower/bathing place?	Integer
WASH	% household with access to improved functional sanitation facilities	Are there improvements needed for your sanitation/shower facilities?	No improvements needed Increase the number of shower/sanitation facilities since too many families share them Facilities need maintenance (broken or not properly working) Need to improve privacy Need to improve hygiene (too dirty or source of infections) Other (specify) Don't know
WASH	% household with access to soap and practicing handwashing	Do you have any soap in your household?	Yes (soap is shown) Yes (soap is not shown) No Don't know
WASH	% of households with access to functioning handwashing facilities with water available	What kind of handwashing facility do your household members usually use to wash their hands? Note: A handwashing facility refers to a fixed or mobile device designed to contain, transport or regulate the flow of water to facilitate handwashing. (Ask to see the handwashing device, if needed)	No specific handwashing device (no device at all or only pouring device or simple basin/bucket, with no taps, or device but no water available) Sink with tap water Buckets with taps Tippy tap

			Other (checify)
			Other (specify) Don't know
		What type of shelter is the household currently living in? (observation by enumerator)	Makeshift shelter (with scavenged
		face-to-face data collection	material such as zinc sheets, cardboards,
	% of people living under critical		etc.)
Shelter	shelter conditions (aggregated	Could you describe the type of shelter that your household is currently living in?	Tent
	indicator)	remote phone-based data collection	Prefab/caravan/ RHU
			Other (specify)
		Please select the type of tent	UNHCR tent
			UK Tent
			AFAD Tent
			Lion Tent
Shelter			Shelter box
			IOM tent
			MODM tent
			Rubhall or mass tent
	Tent type		Makeshift or Improvised tent
Shelter	Number of tents occupied by one household	How many of these shelters does your household occupy?	Integer
	How many of these shelters	Does the tent have a cement base?	
Shelter	does your household occupy?		Yes
Onener	integer % of HHs with a cement base for their tent		No
Shelter		Is there a an insulated or secondary cover covering the main body of the tent?	Yes
Sheller	% of HHs with tent insulation		No
		Does the shelter have any of the following enclosure issues?	Lack of insulation from cold
			Leaks during light rain
			Leaks during heavy rain
Shelter	% of households with access to		Limited ventilation (no air circulation
	a safe and healthy housing		unless main entrance is open)
	enclosure unit		Presence of dirt or debris (removable)
			Presence of dirt or debris (non-
			removable)
			None of the above
			Don´t know

Shelter	% households reporting at least 2 shelter improvements	What are your priority needs to make your current shelter a better place to live (top 2)?	No improvements needed Protection from hazards (contamination from explosive remnants of war, land at risk of flooding or landslides, solid waste dumping site, fire risks, etc.) Improve safety and security (shelter located in an insecure/ isolated area, shelter not solid enough to offer protection from intruders, not fenced, etc.) Improve privacy and dignity (no separate rooms, not enough space, shared facilities such as toilets & showers, low/high ceilings, lack of ventilation, lack of natural lighting) Protect from climatic conditions (leaking roof, floor not insulated, opening on the walls, broken windows, lack of ventilation, missing heating system, etc.) Other
Shelter	% households needing basic NFI items	Please indicate which of the following items you need but do not have in your household (select max. 2)	Bedding items (bedsheets, pillows) Mattresses/sleeping mats Blankets Cooking utensils Cooking stove Winter heaters Clothing Fuel (Cooking / Heating) Other
Livelihoods	Main barriers to employment	What obstacles, if any, are people in this household facing in finding work?	Increased competition for jobs, not enough jobs

			Available jobs are too far away Only low-skilled, socially degrading or low-paying jobs Underqualified for available jobs Lack of family/personal connections Lack of livelihood/employment opportunities for women Fear of harassment/GBV in the workplace None Other
		What were your household's primary income sources over the last 30 days? (do not	Saving
Livelihoods	% household relying exclusively on humanitarian assistance as their main source of income	read out from list)	Income from renting out house, land or property Regular employment (private or public sector) - salaried work Irregular employment (temporary or daily wage earning) - casual or daily labour Income from own business or commerce Remittances Retirement fund or pension Selling household assets Selling assistance received Loans, debts MODM cash assistance Support from community, friends, family NGO or charity assistance Charitable donations Government benefits or social service (disability allowance) Illegal or socially degrading activities (e.g. unlawful sales, begging) Zakat Other
		Could you estimate your household's total income (in IQD) from employment and	Integer
	monthly income [from	pension over the last 30 days?	

	less than 480,000 IQD/month % of female headed households whose average monthly income [from employment and pension] was less than 480,000 IQD/month	Could you estimate your household's total income (in USD) from employment and pension over the last 30 days?	Integer
		Could you estimate your household's total expenditure (in IQD) over the last 30 days?	
		Could you estimate your household's total expenditure (in USD) over the last 30 days?	Integer
Livelihoods	1 5	During the past 30 days, how much did your household spend (in IQD) on each of the following categories	n/a
	month	Rent	Integer
		Food	Integer
		Medical Care (including medicines)	Integer
	% of households with debt value	What is your household's total amount of debt, in IQD?	Integer
Livelihoods	 > 90,000 IQD per household member % of households with debt value > 90,000 IQD per household member 	What is your household's total amount of debt, in USD?	Integer
Livelihoods	% household unable to afford basic needs (% household taking on debt due to healthcare, food, education, or basic household expenditures)	What was the primary reason behind taking on debt?	Basic household expenditures Healthcare Food Education Clothing or NFIs House repair/reconstruction Purchasing productive assets for small business or income-generating activities
Livelihoods			No barriers Distance is too far Lack of means of transportation Products at the market place/grocery store are too expensive Limited variety/quantity of products

			Safety or security concerns on the way to marketplace and/or at the market place
Protection		Does your household own valid documentation indicating land tenure or rental agreement for the property you are currently living in, or own elsewhere?	Yes No Don't know
Protection	% household lacking secure tenure	Is the property you are currently living in, or own elsewhere, under any kind of dispute?	Yes No Do not know Decline to answer
Protection	% households reporting risk of eviction	Is your household presently at risk of eviction?	Yes No Don't know Decline to answer
Protection	% household reporting [reason] as a risk for eviction	What are the main reasons for fearing eviction?	Lack of funds to pay rental costs Host family no longer able to host our family Local community does not accept our family living in the area Authorities requested our HH to leave Request to vacate from owner of building / land No valid tenancy agreement Housing occupied by other groups Risk of property being confiscated Ownership of property is disputed
Protection	% households owning HLP in their AoO	Do you own housing, land, or property in your area of origin?	Yes No
Protection		What type of housing or tenancy agreement did or does your family have in your area of origin?	Owned Rented Living with family Other (specify)
Protection	% households property unlawfully occupied	Is the property you own in your area of origin unlawfully occupied?	Yes No Don't know

Durable solutions - Access to effective mechanisms to restore housing, land and property (HLP) or to provide compensation, Protection - HLP	% of household who have received property compensation	Was housing, land or property that you own damaged or destroyed during the recent conflict (after 2014)?	Yes No
Durable solutions - Access to effective mechanisms to restore housing, land and property (HLP) or to provide compensation, Protection - HLP	% of household who have received property compensation	What was the level of the damage?	Completely destroyed (100%) Heavily damaged/uninhabitable (75%- 99%) Highly damaged but sections of the house are habitable (50%-74%) Minor damage (1%-24%) Undamaged (0%) Don't know
Durable solutions - Access to effective mechanisms to restore housing, land and property (HLP) or to provide compensation, Protection - HLP	% of household who have received property compensation	Have you applied for land, housing or property compensation?	Yes No
Durable solutions - Access to effective mechanisms to restore housing, land and property (HLP) or to provide compensation, Protection - HLP	% of household who have received property compensation	Have you received any cash from the government as a result of your housing, land or property compensation application?	Yes No
	% of households reporting [barrier] as barrier to receive property compensation	What are the main reasons for not applying to or receiving compensations?	I am not aware of any land, housing or property compensation mechanism I refused to/could not pay a bribe/"wasta" The bureaucratic procedures are too heavy and too long Information or communication are unclear

information about the			The disbursement of the compensation
causes of violations			has been delayed
			I do not have all the required
			documentation to apply
		(If answered I do not have all the required documentation) Which documents	National ID card or unified ID card
		are missing in your household?	Nationality certificate or unified ID card
			PDS
	% of households reporting		Security clearance
Protection	[barrier] as barrier to receive		Mukhtars letter
	property compensation		Property ownership documents
			Marriage or death certificate
			Inheritance documents
			Other (please, specify)
		Does your household have a valid PDS card?	Yes, we have it, it is valid, and it is stored
			in a secure place
			No, we don't have it, it is missing,
			confiscated, expired or invalid
			Do not know / Decline to answer
		Does every person above 18 in your household have the following documents? This	Yes (every adult in my household has the
		means you have it, it is valid, and it is stored in a secure place.	document, and they are all valid and in a
			secure place/in our possession)
Protection	% household missing at least	National ID card or unified ID card	No, (the document is missing,
FIOLECLION	one key household or individual	Nationality certificate or unified ID card	confiscated, expired or invalid for at least
	document	Birth certificate	one adult in my household)
			Do not know / Decline to answer
		Does every person under 18 in your household have the following documents? This	Yes (every adult in my household has the
		means you have it, it is valid, and it is stored in a secure place.	document, and they are all valid and in a
			secure place/in our possession)
		National ID card or unified ID card	No, (the document is missing,
		Nationality certificate or unified ID card	confiscated, expired or invalid for at least
		Birth certificate	one adult in my household)
			Do not know / Decline to answer
	% of households reporting	What are the main reasons for missing this documentation ?	Documents are lost or left behind
Protection	[barrier] as barrier to access civil		My application to obtain a document is
	documentation		pending

			Deliberate destruction or confiscation (by others) Unable to access civil affairs directorates/courts Lack of information about CAD/courts and administrative processes Refusal of issuing/renewing documents by civilian authorities Refusal of issuing/renewing documents by security actors Refusal of security clearance from authorities Cost of obtaining/renewing documents is too high (e.g. transportation, administrative fees) Complexity, length of the legal processes to obtain documentation Have not tried to obtain/renew documents
		In the past 30 days, has anyone in your household experienced any of the following restrictions in their ability to move freely inside and/or outside of camp during day light?	n/a
		Needing to obtain security clearance / coupons	Yes No Don't know Decline to answer
Protection	% households experiencing daytime movement restrictions	If yes, was this restriction related to government imposed movement restrictions aimed to curb the spread of COVID-19?	Yes, this restriction was exclusively related to the spread of COVID-19 Yes, but we also experienced similar restrictions that were unrelated to the spread of COVID-19 No Don't know Decline to answer
		Needing to show ID documents to civilian authorities or security actors	Yes No

	Don't know Decline to answer
If yes, was this restriction related to government imposed movement restrictions aimed to curb the spread of COVID-19?	Yes, this restriction was exclusively related to the spread of COVID-19 Yes, but we also experienced similar restrictions that were unrelated to the spread of COVID-19 No Don't know Decline to answer
Time restrictions on when to leave and return	Yes No Don't know Decline to answer
If yes, was this restriction related to government imposed movement restrictions aimed to curb the spread of COVID-19?	Yes, this restriction was exclusively related to the spread of COVID-19 Yes, but we also experienced similar restrictions that were unrelated to the spread of COVID-19 No Don't know Decline to answer
Needing to provide a specific reason for movement (employment, medical, school)	Yes No Don't know Decline to answer
If yes, was this restriction related to government imposed movement restrictions aimed to curb the spread of COVID-19?	Yes, this restriction was exclusively related to the spread of COVID-19 Yes, but we also experienced similar restrictions that were unrelated to the spread of COVID-19 No Don't know Decline to answer

		Physical road blocks	Yes No Don't know Decline to answer
		If yes, was this restriction related to government imposed movement restrictions aimed to curb the spread of COVID-19?	Yes, this restriction was exclusively related to the spread of COVID-19 Yes, but we also experienced similar restrictions that were unrelated to the spread of COVID-19 No Don't know Decline to answer
		Other	Yes No Don't know Decline to answer
Protection	% women and girls who avoid areas because they feel unsafe there	Are there any specific locations in your location where women and girls feel unsafe?	Not applicable/no areas reported as unsafe Yes, at latrines and bathing facilities Yes, at markets Yes, at distribution areas Yes, at distribution areas Yes, at water points Yes, at social / community areas Yes, at social / community areas Yes, on their way to work Yes, at on their way to school Yes, on their way to school Yes, on their way to women community centres / health centres Yes, at police stations/check points/with security forces Don't know
Protection	% of household using violent disciplinary measures against their children	Adults use certain ways to teach children the right behaviour or to address a behaviour problem. I will read out various methods that are used. Please tell me if you or any other adult in your household has used these methods with your children the past 30 days.	Explained why the child's behaviour was wrong Took away privileges, forbade something your child liked or did not allow him/her to leave the house

			Shouted, yelled or screamed at him/her Spanked, hit or slapped him/her Prefer not to answer
Protection	% of households where at least one member has received any information, education or training about the risk of explosive ordnance	Have you or any member of your household received any information, education or training about the risk of explosive ordnance?	Yes No Don't know
Protection	% of households with at least one member injured/disabled due to the presence of explosive ordnance	How did the (perceived) presence of explosive ordnances impact your household? (select max. 3)	Not applicable/no (perceived) presence Informed decision to move elsewhere Limits access to health services Limits access to education Limits access to markets Limits livelihood opportunities (e.g. contaminated farmland) Limits freedom of movement (e.g. children to playing) Household member was killed Household member was injured or became disabled Impact on psychological wellbeing (e.g. fear)
Protection	% of households impacted by the (perceived) presence of explosive ordnance	How did the (perceived) presence of explosive ordnances impact your household? (select max. 3)	Not applicable/no (perceived) presence Informed decision to move elsewhere Limits access to health services Limits access to education Limits access to markets Limits livelihood opportunities (e.g. contaminated farmland) Limits freedom of movement (e.g. children playing) Household member was killed Household member was injured or became disabled

			Impact on psychological wellbeing (e.g. fear)
Protection	% of households concerns by the (perceived) presence of explosive ordnance	Are you or any member in your household concerned about hazards within the camp or its proximity?	Yes No Don't know
СССМ	Complaints system	Do you know how to make suggestions or complaints about the aid / services you receive if you wanted to?	Yes No Don't know
СССМ	Complaints system	Do you feel like aid providers take your opinion into account when providing aid/services?	Yes No Don't know
СССМ	Complaints system	In the past three months have you attempted to make a complaint about your conditions, assistance or other issues?	Yes No Don't know
СССМ	Complaints system	What was the outcome of your complaint?	Action was taken I made a complaint, nothing happened Prefer not to say Other
СССМ	Complaints system	For which of the following reasons did you not lodge a complaint?	I have no complaints I was scared to make a complaint I didn't know where to lodge a complaint Prefer not to say Other
СССМ	Complaints system	Do you feel hesitant to ask any questions and raise concerns with camp management/aid workers?	Yes No Don't know
СССМ	Complaints system	Do you know who you can contact in the Camp Management team if you have an issue or concern?	Yes No Don't know
СССМ	% household by priority need	What are your current top 3 priority needs? (Do not read out the list)	Education for children Child-friendly spaces or activities Employment (livelihood opportunities) Food Medical Care

	1		Developerated Support
			Psychosocial Support
			Gender-based Violence support
			Explosive Hazard Clearance
			Explosive Hazard Risk Education
			Shelter Support
			Water
			Sanitation services
			Vocational training
			Clothing or Footwear
			Summer kits
			Winter kits
			Legal Assistance (civil documentation,
			HLP, family law)
			Other
		What type of information would you like to receive from humanitarian actors (top 3)?	News on what is happening here
		Please specify your top 3 priorities.	News on what is happening in area of
			origin
			Finding missing people
			How to register for aid
			How to access water services
			How to get food
			How to get
			shelter/accommodation/shelter materials
			Information about nutrition
Accountability to	Information needs and		Commodity prices
Affected Populations	preferences from aid providers -		How to get cooking fuel/firewood
	what		How to get healthcare/medical attention
			How to get psychosocial support services
			How to stay safe or get help after attack
			or harassment (link to IIC phone number
			80069999)
			How to request/renew core
			•
			documentation (e.g. birth certificate, ID,
			household documentation on HLP)
			How to get access to education
			How to find work

			How to get transport (e.g. transport within the area of displacement, transport to the area of origin, etc) How to get support for women and girls survivors of GBV (use the GBV referral pathways of the location) How to get more money/financial support Info about possible return to place of origin Info about relocation Info about relocation Info about local integration Info about organization, programs and how to contribute/engage Complaint mechanisms Legal rights to housing, land and property COVID-19-related information None Other (specify)
Accountability to Affected Populations	Top 3 information needs and preferences - who current	Currently, from whom do you receive information (top 3)?	Friends and family Local authorities National authorities Humanitarian and development actors (UN, NGO/INGO) Outreach volunteers/Community mobilizers Religious leaders Mukhtars/community leaders Camp Management Schools and community centres Social media and internet (websites) Others
Accountability to Affected Populations	Top 3 information needs and preferences – how current	Currently, what is the mode of receiving this information? (top 3)	Face-to-face communication (e.g. from humanitarian actors, community mobilisers, camp management, friends) Direct observation

			Television Telephone/mobile phone (voice call) Mobile phone (text SMS) Facebook (app or messenger) WhatsApp Viber Other social networks (skype, Instagram, twitter) Notice boards, posters or leaflets Newspapers and magazines Loud speakers Radio
Accountability to Affected Populations	Top 3 information needs and preferences - who ideally	Ideally, from who would you like to receive information? (top 3)	Other (specify) Friends and family Local authorities National authorities Humanitarian and development actors (UN, NGO/INGO) Outreach volunteers/Community mobilizers Religious leaders Mukhtars/community leaders Camp Management Schools and community centres Social media and internet (websites) Others
Accountability to Affected Populations	Top 3 information needs and preferences – how ideally	Ideally, what is your preferred mode of receiving the information (top 3)?	Face-to-face communication (e.g. from humanitarian actors, community mobilizers, camp management, friends) Direct observation Television Telephone/mobile phone (voice call) Mobile phone (text SMS) Facebook (app or messenger) WhatsApp

			Viber Other social networks (skype, Instagram, twitter) Notice boards, posters or leaflets Newspapers and magazines Loud speakers Radio Other (specify)
Accountability to Affected Populations	Information needs and preferences for camp services	What is your households preferred method of receiving information about humanitarian services in the camp? Please select 3 options	Face-to-face communication (e.g. from humanitarian actors, community mobilizers, camp management, friends) Direct observation Television Telephone/mobile phone (voice call) Mobile phone (text SMS) Facebook (app or messenger) WhatsApp Viber Other social networks (skype, Instagram, twitter) Notice boards, posters or leaflets Newspapers and magazines Loud speakers Radio Other (specify)
Accountability to Affected Populations	% household reporting needing more information about COVID- 19	Do you currently need more information about COVID-19?	Yes No Don't know
Accountability to Affected Populations	% household reporting needing more information about COVID- 19 - what	If yes, what type of information do you need?	Causes Signs and symptoms Prevention measures Treatment options Health consequences of contracting

Accountability to Affected Populations	% household feeling informed about services available	Do you feel informed about the kind of aid/services available to you?	COVID-19 Other Don't know Information about vaccine Yes No Don't know
Accountability to Affected Populations	Perception of top three most commonly reported unmet/met needs, by % of households per type of priority need reported	Over the past year, what were the top priority needs for your household?	Shelter / housing Food Healthcare Seeds or other agricultural inputs Livelihoods support / employment Drinking water Hygiene NFIs (e.g. soap, sanitary pads) and sanitation services (e.g. latrines) Need to repay debt Education for children under 18 Psychosocial support Legal support services (e.g. civil or HLP documentation) Info about services/psychosocial assistance/legal assistance to protect women and girls from risk/threats Child Protection None Other (specify)
Accountability to Affected Populations	Perception of top three most commonly reported unmet/met needs, by % of households per type of priority need reported	Were these needs met?	Yes, some needs were met Yes, all needs were met No Do not know Decline to answer
Accountability to Affected Populations	% household reporting to have received aid	Have you received aid in the past 30 days?	Yes No Do not know

Accountability to Affected Populations	% of households reporting to have received humanitarian aid in the past 30 days, per type of aid	What type of assistance/aid did you receive in the past 30 days? (select multiple)	Cash for multiple needs (Multi-Purpose Cash Assistance) Food Water Fuel Shelter Seasonal items Health services Education services Other non-food items Protection/legal services/GBV services
Accountability to Affected Populations		If you have received aid in the last 30 days, are you satisfied with the aid you received?	Yes No Do not know Decline to answer
Accountability to Affected Populations		If you have received aid in the last 30 days and were not satisfied, why were you not satisfied with the aid received?	Quality not good enough Quantity not enough Delays in delivery of aid Other
Accountability to Affected Populations	awareness of complaint	Are you aware of feedback or complaint mechanisms to reach aid providers about community needs, assistance received, problems with assistance, reporting (PSEA, fraud, misconduct)?	Yes No Do not know Decline to answer
Accountability to Affected Populations		Are you aware of any people in your community who may be unable to access available information because of specific needs?	Not aware of any groups not accessing information/all groups can access information Unaccompanied and separated children People with serious health conditions Persons with special legal or physical protection needs Single women Women-headed households Persons living with disabilities People with mental health problems Older persons (60+)

			Persons with a diverse sex, sexual orientation or gender identity People who cannot read Other
Accountability to Affected Populations		Are you satisfied with the way aid workers have behaved in the last 6 months in your location?	Yes No Don't know
Accountability to Affected Populations		If not, why not?	Text
Durable Solutions	are able to play a role in local	Do you feel that you are currently able to play a role in local decision-making? (e.g. inclusive consultation processes, ability to shape public life, participate in local community organisations)	Yes No Decline to answer

ANNEX 3: DATA ANALYSIS PLAN INTENTIONS SURVEY

Indicator Group / Sector	Indicator / Variable	Questionnaire Question	Questionnaire Responses
Intentions		Who is the main decision-maker who decides whether or when your household will leave or stay in this camp?	Head of household Head of extended family Tribal leader/mukhtar Other (please specify)
Intentions	% of IDP households that intend to remain in their current location for the next three months	What are your household's current movement intentions for the next three months?	Remain in the location Return to area of origin Move to another location (inside Iraq) Move to another (outside Iraq) Do not know - waiting to make a decision
Intentions	% of IDP households that intend to remain in their current location for the next twelve months	What are your household's current movement intentions for the next 12 months?	Remain in the location Return to area of origin Move to another location (inside Iraq) Move to another (outside Iraq) Do not know - waiting to make a decision

Intentions	% of IDP households that currently intends to return to their AoO due to [insert response option]	What are the main reasons why you currently intend to return to your area of origin? (Select max 3)	Security situation in area of origin is stable Area of origin was cleared of explosive ordnance Other family/community members have returned Livelihood options are available in area of origin Basic services (e.g. water, electricity, health, education) available in area of origin Emotional desire to return Necessary to secure personal housing, land and property Necessary to secure civil documentation Limited livelihood opportunities in area of displacement Limited access to basic services in area of displacement Do not feel safe in area of displacement Do not feel integrated in area of displacement Facing eviction in area of displacement Forced to return by security actors or civilian authorities Lack of safety and security for women and girls in area of displacement Family member released from detention
		If not intending to poly my within the polytyper why not 0 (sole starsey 0)	Other, please specify
Intentions	% of IDP households that currently don't intend to return to their AoO due to [insert response option]	If not intending to return within the next year, why not? (select max. 3)	Fear/trauma associated with returning to place of origin Lack of security forces Presence of explosive hazards (mines, bombs, IEDs) Fear of discrimination or rejection from

the community in AoO
Ongoing community tensions (ethno-
religious)
Movement restrictions by militias
Lack of safety and security for women
and girls
In need of civil documentation (including
personal IDs, marriage or divorce
certificates, death certificates, inheritance
documents)
In need of Security Clearance
No transportation available to return
home
No financial means to return and restart
Lack of livelihood/income generating
activities in AoO
House/land I own in AoO is currently
occupied
House I own in AoO has been
damaged/destroyed
Family assets in AoO have been
damaged/destroyed
Non-restoration of courts and/or civil
registries in AoO
Local markets are not functioning
Basic services in the AoO are not
enough/available (e.g. electricity, water,
health)
Lack of education opportunities for
children in AoO
Immediate family and network will not
return
Health condition does not allow me to
leave the AoD
Children enrolled at school in the AoD
Living conditions are better in the AoD

			Other, please specify Do not know Decline to answer
Intentions	Barriers to return	What reasons/obstacles do you see preventing/delaying your return, if any?	None No housing in AoO Unstable security situation on AoO Lack of economic opportunities in AoO Fear or trauma associated with return basic services unavailable/not adequate in AoO Tribal and reconciliation issues Prevented from returning to AoO Issues regarding access documents, security clearance No transportation available for return Health condition prevents household from returning No financial means to return Stable security situation in current location Economic opportunities in current location household members in school in current location Living conditions better in current location Don't know
Intentions	Barriers to return	Of the reasons mentioned before, what is the top reason for deciding not to return?	None No housing in AoO Unstable security situation on AoO Lack of economic opportunities in AoO Fear or trauma associated with return basic services unavailable/not adequate in AoO Tribal and reconciliation issues Prevented from returning to AoO

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			Issues regarding access documents,
			security clearance
			No transportation available for return
			Health condition prevents household from
			returning
			No financial means to return
			Stable security situation in current
			location
			Economic opportunities in current location
			household members in school in current
			location
			Living conditions better in current location
			Don't know
		Of the reasons just mentioned, what is the most important factor that you would need	Access to information on the current
		to be addressed to enable you to return to your area of origin?	situation of the area of origin
			Increased safety and security in the area
			of return
			Basic services (water, electricity,
			sanitation, waste removal)
			Healthcare services
			Education services (schooling)
			Transportation services
			Psychosocial services
			Legal assistance needed regarding
Intentions	Barriers to return		Housing/Property Ownership
			Functioning justice mechanisms
			Civil documentation (ID cards, etc)
			Rehabilitation/Reconstruction of Homes
			Furniture / Non-food items
			Food items
			Livelihood/income generating
			opportunities / Professional development
			training
			Functioning markets
			Nothing (no needs)
			3 (/

			Do not know
			Decline to answer
			Other (Enter Text)
		If your household is not currently planning to return, do you still wish one day you	Yes
Intentions	% household still wishing to	could return to your area of origin?	No
	return		Don't know
		What is your eventual household plan in case you had to leave this camp or in case o	f Return to area of origin willingly
		camp closure?	Return to area of origin against my will
			Remain in the vicinity of the camp or
			move to the location decided by the
	% household still wishing to		government, if any
Intentions			Move to another location - inside Iraq
	return		(specify governorate and district)
			Move to another location - outside Iraq
			Remain in current location - settle in this
			area (e.g. town near the camp)
			Don't know
		Have you been back to your area of origin or tried to go back, but then decided to	Yes, I visited my area of origin
		displace again?	Yes, I attempted to return to my area of
Intentions	Secondary displacement		origin
			No, I didn't go back to my area of origin
			Prefer not to say
		For what reasons were you unable to go back to or stay in your area of origin?	Fear/trauma associated with returning to
			place of origin
			Lack of security forces
			Presence of explosive hazards (mines,
			bombs, IEDs)
			Fear of discrimination or rejection from
Intentions	Secondary displacement reason		the community in AoO
			Ongoing community tensions (ethno-
			religious)
			Movement restrictions by militias
			Lack of safety and security for women
			and girls
			In need of civil documentation (including

			personal IDs, marriage or divorce
			certificates, death certificates, inheritance
			documents)
			In need of Security Clearance
			No transportation available to return
			home
			No financial means to return and restart
			Lack of livelihood/income generating
			activities in AoO
			House/land I own in AoO is currently
			occupied
			House I own in AoO has been
			damaged/destroyed
			Family assets in AoO have been
			damaged/destroyed
			Non-restoration of courts and/or civil
			registries in AoO
			Local markets are not functioning
			Basic services in the AoO are not
			enough/available (e.g. electricity, water,
			health)
			Lack of education opportunities for
			children in AoO
			Immediate family and network will not
			return
			Health condition does not allow me to
			leave the AoD
			Children enrolled at school in the AoD
			Living conditions are better in the AoD
			Do not know
			Decline to answer
		What are the main needs you or your household require in order to return safely and	Access to information on the current
		dignified to your area of origin?	situation of the area of origin
Intentions	Main return needs		Increased safety and security in the area
			of return
			Basic services (water, electricity,
L	1	1	(, · · · · · · ,)

			sanitation, waste removal) Healthcare services Education services (schooling) Transportation services Psychosocial services Legal assistance needed regarding Housing/Property Ownership Functioning justice mechanisms Civil documentation (ID cards, etc) Rehabilitation/Reconstruction of Homes Furniture / Non-food items Food items Livelihood/income generating opportunities / Professional development training Functioning markets Nothing (no needs) Do not know Decline to answer Other (Enter Text)
Intentions		If intending to return, do you intend to return to your original home or somewhere else?	I will return to my original home (the same building) Integrate with another family in nearby house Move to another house nearby or in the same neighbourhood Move to a public building Don't know Decline to answer
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	Where in Iraq do you intend to move?	Move within the same governorate Move to a camp Move to a different governorate_KRI Move to a different governorate_Iraq

			decline to answer don`t know
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	Which governorate is the camp located in?	[Drop list of governorates]
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	To which camp you are planning to move to?	[Drop list of IDP camps]
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	Which district within the governorate do you intend to move to?	[Drop list of districts]
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	Which governorate in the KRI region do you intend to move to?	[Drop list of governorates]
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	Which district in the KRI governorate do you intend to move to?	[Drop list of districts]
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	Which governorate in Iraq do you intend to move to?	[Drop list of governorates]
Intentions	Locations where IDP households intend to relocate	Which district in the governorate do you intend to move to?	[Drop list of districts]
Intentions		Have you applied to get a security clearance to go back to your area of origin or move to another location?	Yes No Not applicable
Intentions	Security clearance applications	What is the status of your application?	I have received a full approval I have received approval from some actors and waiting for the rest I have not received the answer yet Prefer not to say I have received a rejection
Intentions	Most important reasons why relocate abroad	If you want to relocate to another area of displacement or migrate abroad, what are the main reasons why?	Reunite with immediate family members Reunite with family network Seek better basic services Seek better security situation Seek better educational services for children Seek better livelihood opportunities Cohabitation issues with host community Facing eviction in my current area of displacement

			No other option
			Do not know
			Decline to answer
			Other
	% of households with	Would you say you have enough accurate information about your location of origin to	Yes
Intentions	information about their AoO	take a decision on whether to return or not?	No
			Do not know
		If not, what kind of information do you need about your location of origin in order to be	Security situation (presence of armed
		able to take a decision on whether to return or not	groups, IEDs, government security
			provision, etc.)
			Safety of the area (presence of uncleared
			mines, UXOs etc.)
Intentions	% of households with		Information on my housing (damage,
Intentions	information about their AoO		whether it is occupied, etc.)
			Functioning of basic services (water,
			electricity, health, education, etc.)
			Humanitarian assistance
			Livelihoods/job opportunities
			Other
	Family connections in AoO	Has any family member returned to your AoO?	Yes
Intentions	influencing intention/wish to		No
	return		Do not know
		In what ways do you get information about your location of origin?	Personal visits to the location
			Information from friends/family living in or
			who have returned to the location
			Information from friends/family who are
	% of household receiving		not living in the location
Intentions	information about their AoO		Social media
			Information from mukhtars / local leaders
			Governmental parties
			(civil/security/military)
			Other (please specify)
			I don't get information
Intentions	% of household perceiving AoO	Do you have any safety or security concerns in your area of origin?	No concerns, my area of origin is safe
	is unsafe		l don't know

			Gender Based Violence (GBV) Security incidents involving armed or security actors Dangerous or exploitative working conditions Land contaminated with explosive hazards (mines, bombs, IEDs)
			Fear of armed or security actors (recruitment, detention, violence, threats or harassment) Fear of extremist groups (recruitment, violence, threats or harassment) Fear of community/tribal groups
			(violence, threats, harassment related to ongoing dispute) Social exclusion or discrimination Poor infrastructure (buildings and roads) My household is banned from return Other (specify)
		Are the following basic services available in your area of origin? (select al that apply)	
	% of household perceiving basic services are available in AoO	Water	Yes - mostly available, functioning and accessible to me
Intentions		Electricity Waste disposal (garbage)	Yes - partially available, insufficient or not totally available to me Not available at all
		Health services Education	Don't know
Intentions	% of household perceiving livelihood opportunities are available in AoO	Are there livelihood/income earning opportunities in your area of origin?	None Agriculture Construction Government jobs Health services Transportation

			Service industry (Hotel, Restaurant) Private Business (Enter Text) Vocational (carpenter, electrician, plumber, etc.) Other
Intentions	% of household perceiving livelihood opportunities are available in AoO	If private business, please specify	Text
Intentions	% of household perceiving livelihood opportunities are available in AoO	Are these livelihood/income earning activities relevant or accessible to you?	Yes, they are relevant to my skillset They do not match my skillset I lack of the resources to participate in these economic activities (e.g.: lack of money to invest, lack of vehicle, lack of land) I could face discrimination (e.g.: due to my gender, perceived ISIL affiliation, due to community conflict) I lack of the documentation needed to participate in these economic activities (personal documentation, school degree, professional certificate) My current health condition doesn't allow me to participate in these economic activities I don't know Other
Intentions	% of household perceiving assistance is provided in AoO	What is the assistance provided to IDPs who return to your area of origin?	None Cash assistance Food assistance NFI distributions Livelihoods/income generating activities Shelter rehabilitation or reconstruction Other Don't know

		If yes, who has provided that assistance?	Humanitarian actor (UN, NGO)
	% of household norseiving		Local authorities
Intentions	% of household perceiving assistance is provided in AoO		Security actor
	assistance is provided in AOO		Local community (i.e. mukhtar, religious
			groups)

ANNEX 4: KEY INFORMANT INTERVIEW

Data collection method	Indicator / Variable	Questionnaire Question	Questionnaire Responses
KI Interview	Key characteristics	Current governorate	List of governorates
KI Interview	Key characteristics	What is the name of the camp?	List of camps
KI Interview	Key characteristics	If other, please specify	Text
KI Interview	Key characteristics	What is the camp management agency? (None, government, NGO name, local community leader etc.)	
KI Interview	Key characteristics	If other, please specify	Text
KI Interview	Key characteristics	What date was the camp was opened?	
KI Interview	Key characteristics	Which agency is leading registration in the camp?	List of agencies
KI Interview	Key characteristics	If other, please specify	Text
KI Interview	Shelter	What types of shelter are within the camp?	Tent; Caravan; Makeshift or Improvised shelter; Semi-permanent structure (plastic sheeting, corrugated iron); Single Family Residential Unit (Block buildings);

			Communal shelter (mosque/school/shared space); Rubhall or mass tent; Open air; Other
KI Interview	Key characteristics	If other, please specify	
KI Interview	Shelter	In total, how many shelters are in the camp?	
KI Interview	Shelter	How many structures (tents/caravans) are occupied?	
KI Interview	Shelter	How many structures (tents/caravans) are unoccupied?	
KI Interview	Shelter	Is there any ongoing extension for the camp?	Yes; no
KI Interview	Shelter	How many tents/ caravans will be built for extension?	
KI interview	Shelter	What are the shelter dimensions in metres?	
KI Interview	Protection	How many families are living in the camp currently?	
KI Interview	Protection	How many individuals are living in the camp currently?	

KI Interview	Education	Is there a primary school in the camp?	Yes; no
KI Interview	Education	Is there a secondary school in the camp?	Yes; no
KI Interview	Education	Are there sufficient trained and certified teachers at the primary school?	Yes; no; do not know
KI Interview	Education	Are there sufficient trained and certified teachers at the secondary school?	Yes; no; do not know
KI Interview	Health	Is there an existing; functioning health facility available on site or in walking distance?	Yes; no
KI Interview	Health	In your opinion, is the camp prepared to cope with a COVID-19 outbreak?	Yes; no
KI Interview	Health	Are there any notices or remarks that you want to talk about in regards to health?	
KI Interview	WASH	How many latrines and showers are available and functioning in the site?	
		Latrines Showers	
KI Interview	WASH	How frequently is solid waste disposed from the site?	Daily; 2-4 days in a week; Once a week; Once a month; Once every 2-3 months; Never; Other
KI Interview	WASH	If other; please specify	
KI Interview	WASH	Are there any notices or remarks that you want to talk about in regards to WASH?	
KI Interview	Electricity	What is the main sources of electricity in the camp?	Electricity grid; Centralised generators; A mix of electricity grid and generators; Generators privately owned; Solar

KI Interview	Electricity	If it's on the national grid, on average how many hours per day were provided in the last month?	
KI Interview	Electricity	If it's a generator; what are the sources of fuel?	INGO; Government; Other (please specify)
KI Interviews	Electricity	If other; please specify	
HH interview	Contact details	Please provide your contact details: Focal point/camp manager full name; Telephone number; E-mail	

ANNEX 5: CAMP MAPPING: SAMPLE EMAIL

Dear [name of the camp manager];

I work for REACH Initiative and we are conducting a Camp Profiling assessment. Recently; we interviewed you and asked you if you were willing to participate in the camp mapping of [name of the camp]. We would need you to respond to the following questions and assist us by drawing the main infrastructure; and whether there had been any changes to this; on the map that is attached to this email.

[Sample list of questions]

General questions:

- 1. Are there any new infrastructures/offices in the camp? If yes; where are they? What type are they? What is the name of the NGO that is managing that infrastructure/offices?
- 2. Is the potable water source within the camp or outside? If Within; what are the sources and where are their locations? (sources of water are such as; groundwater/ borehole; surface water through water treatment plant; etc.)

Any water treatment plants in the camp? Where are they located?

Camp specific questions:

- 3. Are there any private kitchens inside the shelters (tents; caravans)? If no; are there any communal/shared kitchens and where? Can you show us their location on the block layout?
- 4. What is the Water Truck Filling Station? Is it different from a borehole?

You can respond to this email if you have any questions. Once you have completed the questions and drawn the locations on the map; please send this back to us. We would then like to have a phone call with you to confirm any information that might be unclear.

Thank you very much for your assistance.

Best regards;