Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM): Central African Republic
#5 01 - 31 May 2021
Monthly factsheet

RRM RCA
Rapid Response Mechanism
unicef

ACTED

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SOLIDARITÉS INTERNATIONAL

The Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) is designed to monitor humanitarian action, conduct multisector assessments (MSAs) of needs and to implement several types of emergency responses, including distributions of essential non-food items (NFIs) and high emergency biscuits (HEBs), emergency water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) interventions, as well as cash transfer programming (CTP). Currently, the RRM is made possible through the support of the European Commission Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations department (ECHO), the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (SIDA) and the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC). All RRM products are available on the Humanitarian Response portal.

✳ Alerts received or sent by the RRM in 2021

Alert distribution in May 2021 and in 2021:

Location and types of alerts in May 2021
- ✳ Violence
- 🏃 Returning population
- 🌀 Natural disaster
- ❗ Other

Number of alerts in 2021
- ☐ no alert
- 1 - 5
- 6 - 10
- 11 - 20
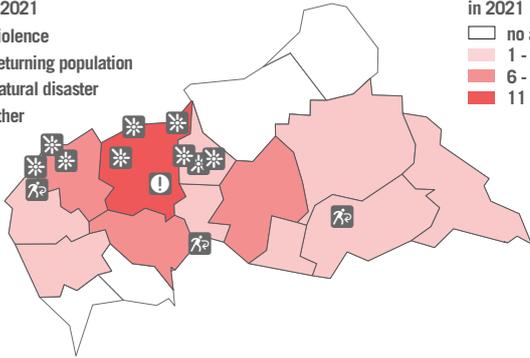
13 alerts in May 2021

58 alerts since January 2021

Median delay between alert and intervention[1]: **35 days**

Types of alerts in 2021:

- **67%** Violence
- **19%** Returning population
- **0%** Natural disaster
- **14%** Other
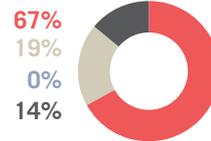
Legend:
- Violence
- Returning population
- Natural disaster
- Other

Number of alerts per month in 2021:

J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
12	9	18	6	13							
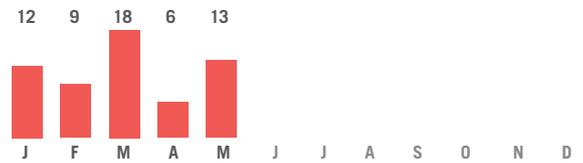
📋 🚚 Overview of RRM activities in 2021[1]

Activity distribution in May 2021 and in 2021:
(MEX[2], MSAs, SMART[3], NFI and HEB distributions, WASH interventions, CTP, PDM[4])

Location and types of activities in May 2021
- 📋 Pre-intervention assessment
- 📦 Post-intervention assessment
- 🚚 Intervention

Number of activities in 2021
- ☐ no activity
- 1 - 10
- 11 - 20
- 21 - 40

RRM activities in May 2021:

- **5 MEX**
- **6 MSAs**
- **1 SMART**
- **2 PDM**
- **3 NFI distributions**
- **3 WASH interventions**
- **1 HEB distribution**
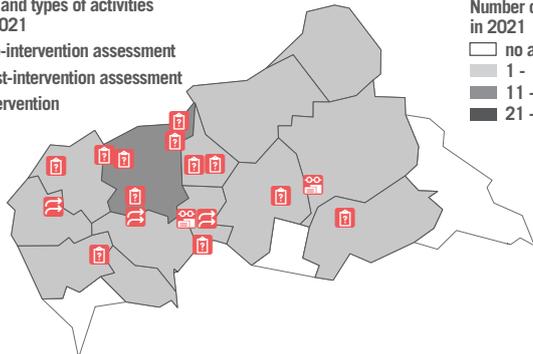
Activities in 2021:

MEX	13	Cash distribution	0
MSAs	20	Sensitization sessions on hygiene	46
MSA-R[5]	0	Emergency latrines	40
NFI distributions	16	Rehabilitations of water sources	18
WASH interventions	10	Distributed Menstrual Hygiene Kits	4,732
HEB distributions	2	PDM	9
Voucher distribution	0	Rapid SMART	3

👪 Beneficiaries in 2021[1]

🏠 NFI
55,394 individuals
(12,333 households)

- **52%**
- **6%**
- **41%**
- **0%**

- 20%
- 31%
- 18%
- 31%

🚰 WASH
47,507 individuals

- **70%**
- **8%**
- **21%**
- **0%**

- 21%
- 29%
- 21%
- 29%

🍲 HEB
3,459 individuals
(762 households)

- **100%**
- **0%**
- **0%**
- **0%**

- 20%
- 29%
- 19%
- 32%

CTP
0 individual
(0 household)

- **NA %**
- **NA %**
- **NA %**
- **NA %**

- NA %
- NA %
- NA %
- NA %

NFI distributions in May 2021 and in 2021:

Location of NFI distribution in May 2021

Number of beneficiaries in 2021[1]
- ☐ no beneficiary
- 1 - 20 000
- 20 001 - 40 000
- 40 001 - 80 000
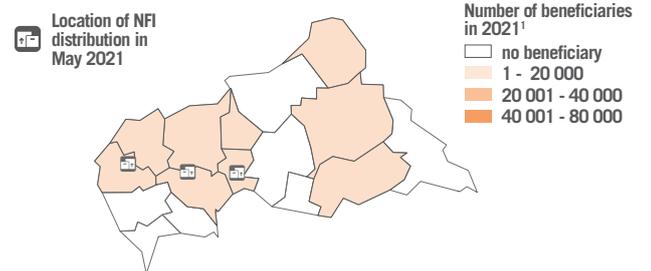
WASH interventions in May 2021 and in 2021:

Location of WASH intervention in May 2021

Number of beneficiaries in 2021[1]
- ☐ no beneficiary
- 1 - 10 000
- 10 001 - 20 000
- 20 001 - 40 000

Legend:
- **Displaced persones** **Host community**[6] **Returnees**[7] **Repatriates**[8]
- **Women** **Girls** **Men** **Boys**
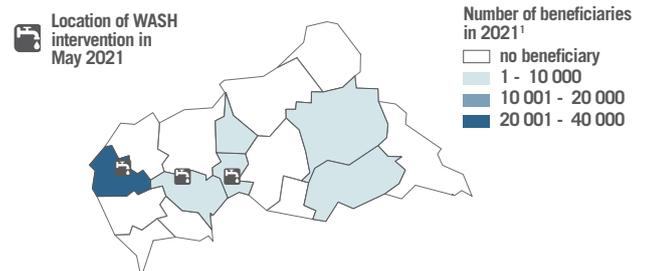
[1] Assessments and interventions, which were not finished by the 31st of May 2021, are not included. Data of 3 interventions finished in April or May 2021 (in NFI, WASH and HEB) are not included as detailed data are not available on the 07/06/2021. [2] Exploratory missions. [3] Nutrition screenings. [4] Post-distribution monitoring. [5] MSA-R are not triggered following a RRM alert. MSA-R aim at gathering information on areas not recently affected and/or not recently accessed by humanitarian actors. [6] The term 'host community' refers to individuals that have not been displaced as the result of a humanitarian-related event. [7] The term 'returnees' refers to people who have come back to their pre-crisis location following a period of internal displacement. [8] The term 'repatriates' refers to former refugees who have returned from neighbouring countries.