Detailed Site Assessment

Xanlaay site

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region, Somalia

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Introduction

While an estimated 2.1 million people live in displacement sites in Somalia[1], existing information on exact locations and site level vulnerabilities is sparse, and existing assessments have been ad-hoc and unharmonised, resulting in low comparability and verification.

The Detailed Site Assessment (DSA) was triggered in coordination with the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Cluster in order to provide the humanitarian community with up-to-date information on location of internally displaced persons (IDP) sites, the conditions and capacity of the sites and the humanitarian needs of the residents.

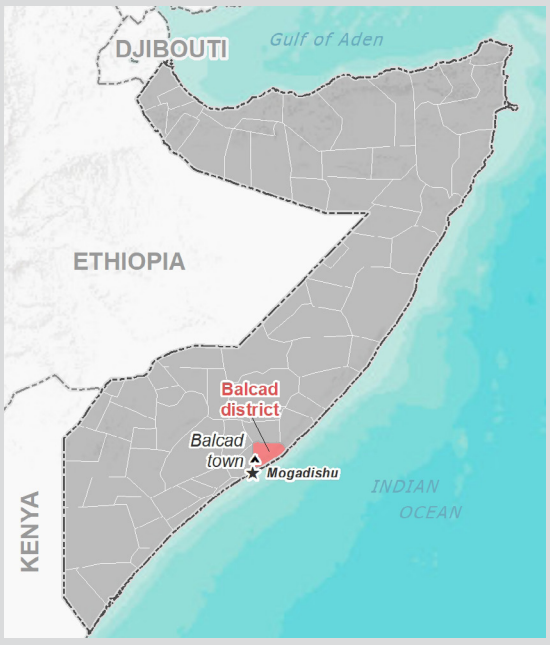
Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach[2] was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured[3]. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Xanlaay Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

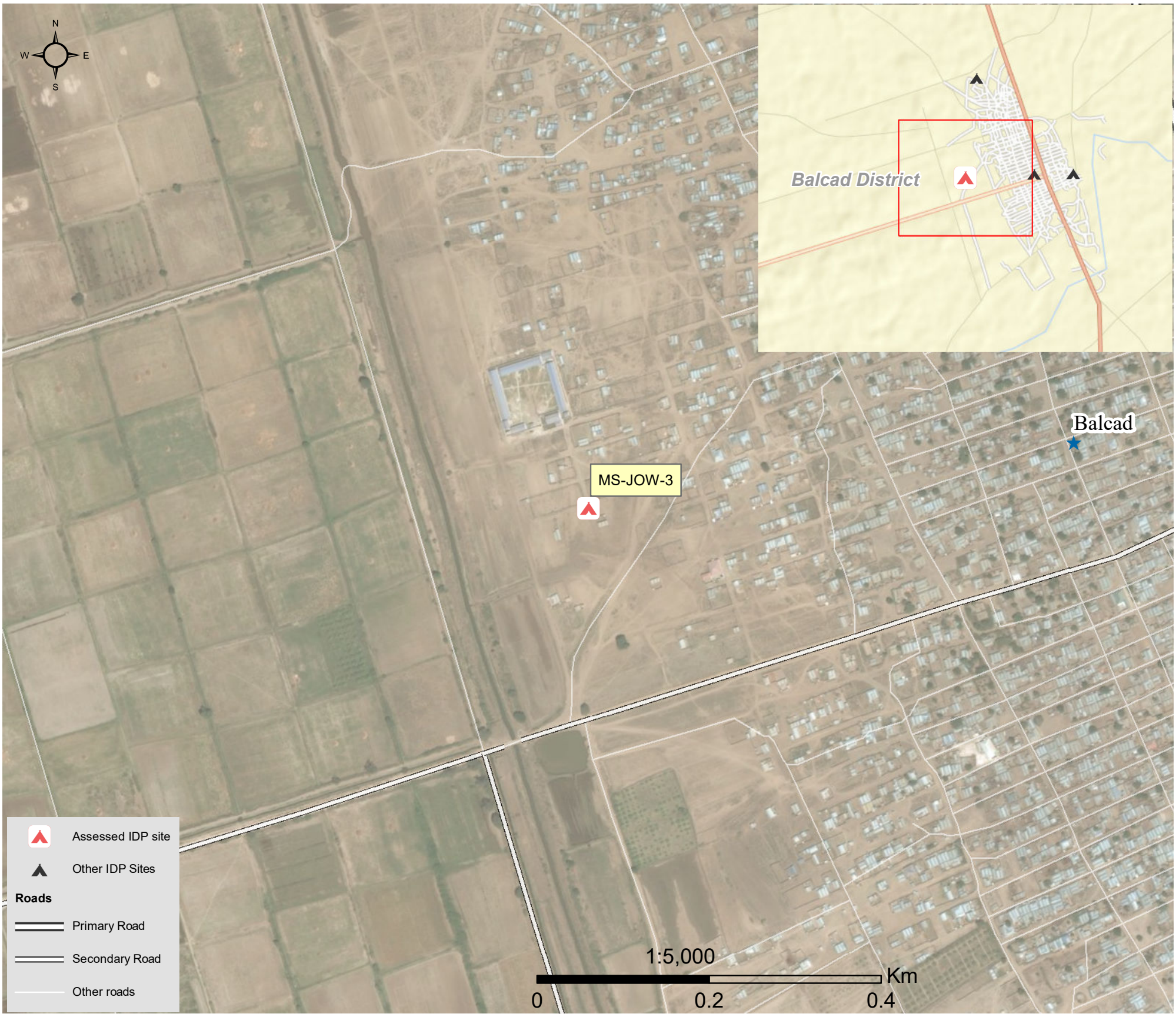
Date assessed: **Oct - 2017**

Location map



Assessed IDP sites in Balcad

Coordinates: Lat. 2.359, Long. 45.378



1.United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017
2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km^2 grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.
3.Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.

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Detailed Site Assessment

Site Name: Xanlaay

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region

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Site Information

Settlement type	Spontaneous site
Estimated number of individuals	408
Estimated number of households	75
Site capacity reached	Yes
Responsible management agency	Local authority
Date when most site residents arrived	May-15
Site owner	Local authority

Displacement

Estimated number of households per displacement group:	
IDPs	35
Host community/ non-displaced	40
IDP households arrived in the past 3 months	13
Most common areas of origin:	
First area of origin	Lower Shabelle
Second area of origin	Hiraan
Third area of origin	N/A

Protection

Number of vulnerable households:	
Female-headed households	38
Child-headed households	0
Elderly individuals[4]	103
Unaccompanied children	0
Individuals with a physical disability	13
Presence of shared community space	No
Presence of separate space for women/girls	No
Presence of child friendly space	No
Public lighting in the site	Yes
Type of landownership	Unknown
Risk of eviction in next three months	No

Food Security

Primary source of food	Market purchase
Food distributions	Monthly
Access to a food market	No

Health and Nutrition

Most common health issue(s) reported in the site:	
1. AWD / Cholera	
2. Malaria	
3. N/A	
Access to healthcare services	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest health service	10 minutes
Women give birth in the site	Yes
Access to nutrition services	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service	35 minutes
Access to nutrition services:	**Yes**

WASH

Access to potable water	Yes
Number of latrines in the site:	
Latrines (mixed)	25
Latrines (male)	0
Latrines (female)	0
Access to handwashing facilities	No

Education

Education services available	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest school	5 minutes
Education facilities available to residents in the site[5]:	
1. Quranic	
2. N/A	
3. N/A	

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Most common shelter types in the site[5]:	
1. CGI	
2. N/A	
3. N/A	
Electricity available in the site	Yes
Access to a NFI market	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest NFI market	30 minutes
Perceived safe access to NFI market	Yes

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information[5]:	
1. Friends, neighbours and family	
2. TV	
3. Radio	
Most commonly spoken language	Somali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.
5.Key informants could select multiple responses.

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Detailed Site Assessment

Halgan site

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region, Somalia

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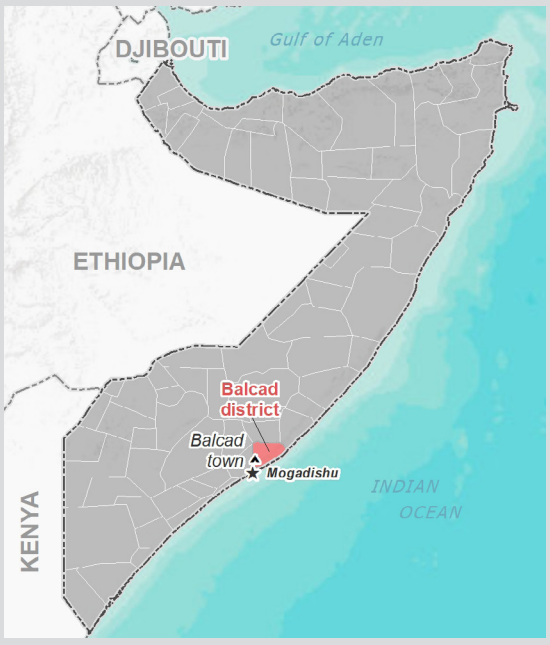
Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach[2] was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured[3]. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Halgan Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

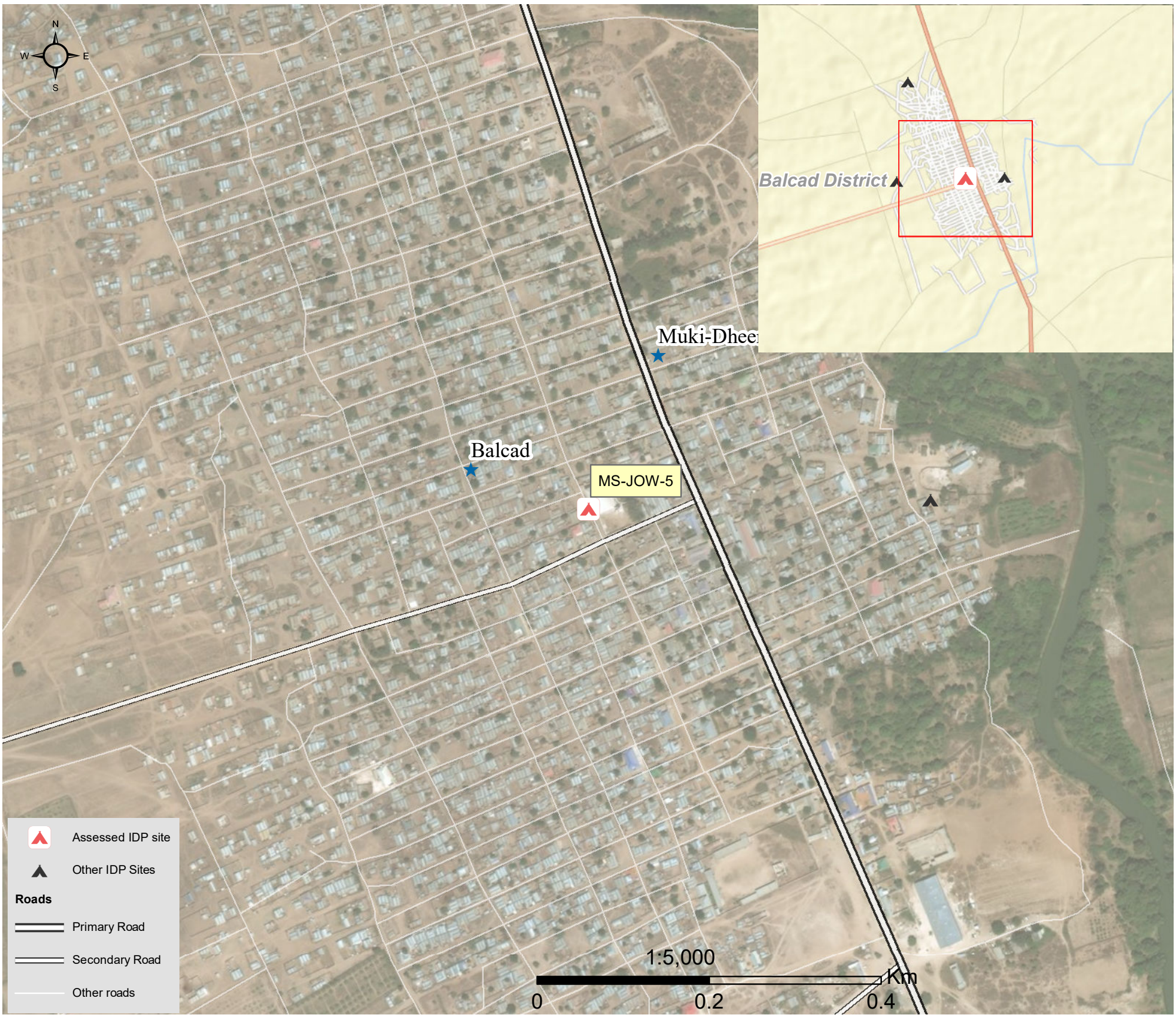
Date assessed: **Oct - 2017**

Location map



Assessed IDP sites in Balcad

Coordinates: Lat. 2.359, Long. 45.385



1.United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017
2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km^2 grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.
3.Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.

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Detailed Site Assessment

Site Name: Halgan

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region

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Site Information

Settlement type	Planned site
Estimated number of individuals	1386
Estimated number of households	245
Site capacity reached	Yes
Responsible management agency	Local authority
Date when most site residents arrived	Sep-16
Site owner	None

Displacement

Estimated number of households per displacement group:	
IDPs	151
Host community/ non-displaced	94
IDP households arrived in the past 3 months	57
Most common areas of origin:	
First area of origin	Middle Shabelle
Second area of origin	N/A
Third area of origin	N/A

Protection

Number of vulnerable households:	
Female-headed households	125
Child-headed households	0
Elderly individuals[4]	276
Unaccompanied children	27
Individuals with a physical disability	37
Presence of shared community space	Yes
Presence of separate space for women/girls	No
Presence of child friendly space	No
Public lighting in the site	Yes
Type of landownership	N/A
Risk of eviction in next three months	No

Food Security

Primary source of food	Market purchase
Food distributions	Monthly
Access to a food market	Yes

Health and Nutrition

Most common health issue(s) reported in the site:

1. AWD / Cholera
2. Malaria
3. N/A

Access to healthcare services	No
Average walking time to the nearest health service	N/A
Women give birth in the site	Yes
Access to nutrition services	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service	25 minutes
Access to nutrition services:	**Yes**

WASH

Access to potable water	Yes
Number of latrines in the site:	
Latrines (mixed)	25
Latrines (male)	0
Latrines (female)	0
Access to handwashing facilities	No

Education

Education services available	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest school	30 minutes

Education facilities available to residents in the site[5]:

1. Primary
2. Quranic
3. N/A

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Most common shelter types in the site[5]:

1. Wattle and daub
2. Mud Adobe Block
3. N/A

Electricity available in the site	Yes
Access to a NFI market	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest NFI market	25 minutes
Perceived safe access to NFI market	Yes

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information[5]:

1. Friends, neighbours and family
2. TV
3. Radio

Most commonly spoken language	Somali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.
5.Key informants could select multiple responses.

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Detailed Site Assessment

Waaberi Iridoole site

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region, Somalia

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Introduction

While an estimated 2.1 million people live in displacement sites in Somalia[1], existing information on exact locations and site level vulnerabilities is sparse, and existing assessments have been ad-hoc and unharmonised, resulting in low comparability and verification.

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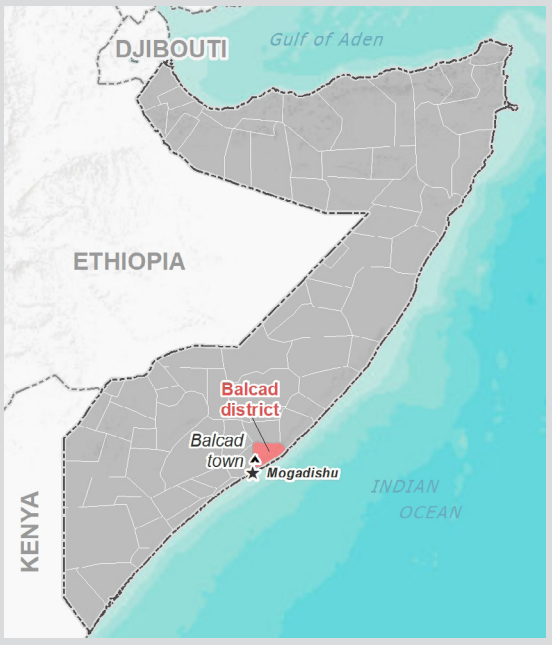
Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach[2] was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured[3]. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Waaberi Iridoole Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

Date assessed: **Nov - 2017**

Location map



Assessed IDP sites in Balcad

Coordinates: Lat. 2.359, Long. 45.388

1.United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017
2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km^2 grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.
3.Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.

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Detailed Site Assessment

Site Name: Waaberi Iridoole

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region

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Site Information

Settlement type	Spontaneous site
Estimated number of individuals	4200
Estimated number of households	700
Site capacity reached	Yes
Responsible management agency	Residents
Date when most site residents arrived	Nov-09
Site owner	Local authority

Displacement

Estimated number of households per displacement group:	
IDPs	0
Host community/ non-displaced	700
IDP households arrived in the past 3 months	0
Most common areas of origin:	
First area of origin	N/A
Second area of origin	N/A
Third area of origin	N/A

Protection

Number of vulnerable households:	
Female-headed households	253
Child-headed households	0
Elderly individuals[4]	250
Unaccompanied children	0
Individuals with a physical disability	21
Presence of shared community space	No
Presence of separate space for women/girls	No
Presence of child friendly space	No
Public lighting in the site	Yes
Type of landownership	Formal
Risk of eviction in next three months	No

Food Security

Primary source of food	Market purchase
Food distributions	None
Access to a food market	Yes

Health and Nutrition

Most common health issue(s) reported in the site:

1. AWD / Cholera
2. Malaria
3. N/A

Access to healthcare services	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest health service	5 minutes
Women give birth in the site	Yes
Access to nutrition services	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service	6 minutes
Access to nutrition services:	**Yes**

WASH

Access to potable water	Yes
Number of latrines in the site:	
Latrines (mixed)	27
Latrines (male)	0
Latrines (female)	0
Access to handwashing facilities	No

Education

Education services available	No
Average walking time to the nearest school	N/A

Education facilities available to residents in the site[5]:

1. N/A
2. N/A
3. N/A

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Most common shelter types in the site[5]:

1. Buul
2. Wattle and Daub
3. Brick

Electricity available in the site	Yes
Access to a NFI market	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest NFI market	5 minutes
Perceived safe access to NFI market	Yes

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information[5]:

1. Friends, neighbours and family
2. TV
3. Aid worker

Most commonly spoken language	Somali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.
5.Key informants could select multiple responses.

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Detailed Site Assessment

Ceel Geelle site

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region, Somalia

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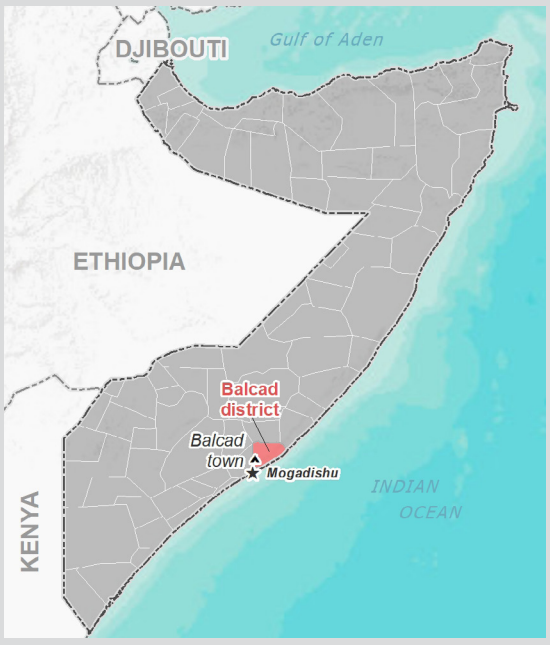
This factsheet presents a summary of Ceel Geelle Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

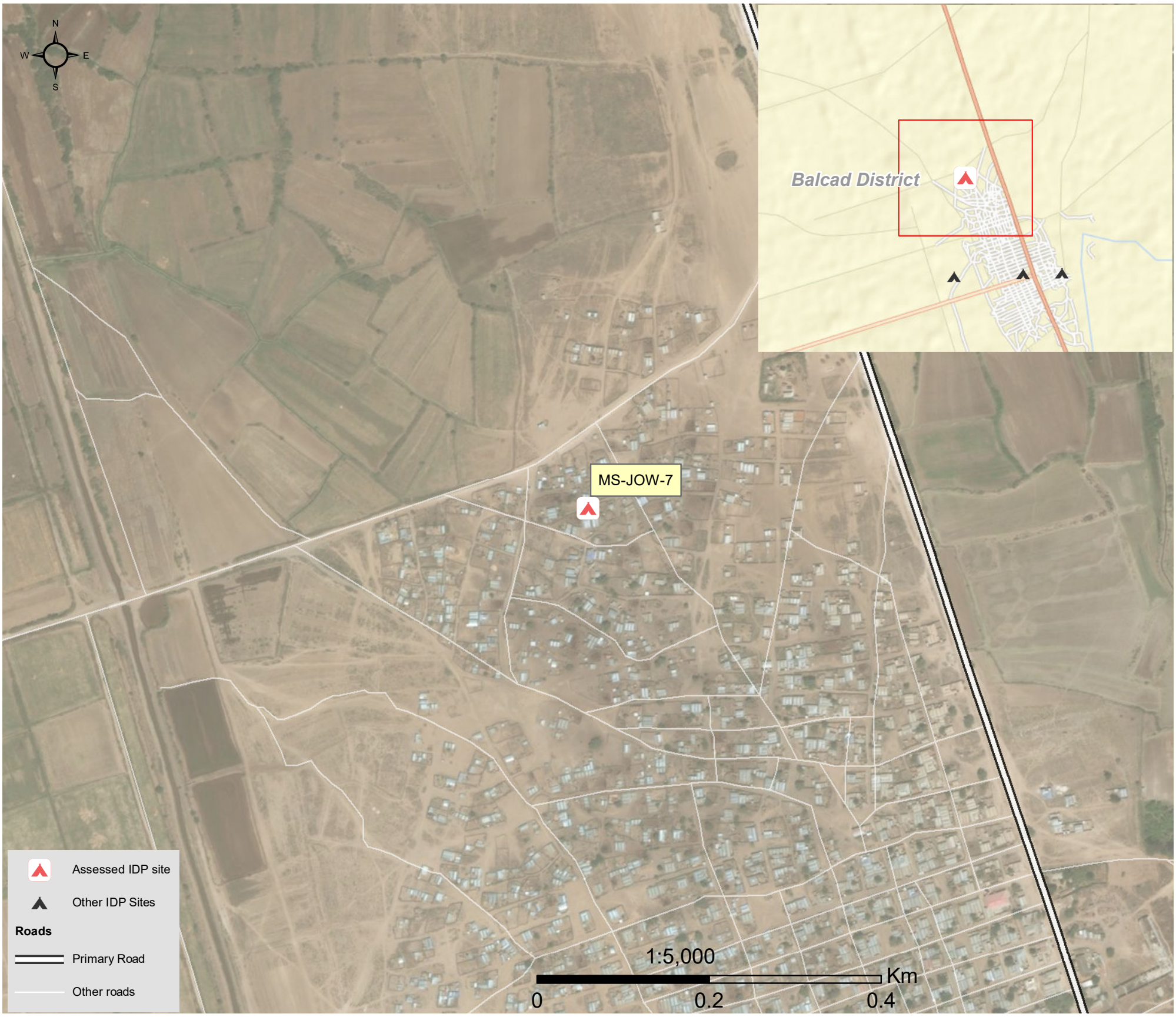
Date assessed: **Nov - 2017**

Location map



Assessed IDP sites in Balcad

Coordinates: Lat. 2.368, Long. 45.379



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Detailed Site Assessment

Site Name: Ceel Geelle

Balcad District, Middle Shabelle Region

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Site Information

Settlement type	Spontaneous site
Estimated number of individuals	1551
Estimated number of households	350
Site capacity reached	Yes
Responsible management agency	Residents
Date when most site residents arrived	Jun-13
Site owner	None

Displacement

Estimated number of households per displacement group:	
IDPs	75
Host community/ non-displaced	275
IDP households arrived in the past 3 months	50
Most common areas of origin:	
First area of origin	Lower Shabelle
Second area of origin	Hiraan
Third area of origin	N/A

Protection

Number of vulnerable households:	
Female-headed households	75
Child-headed households	13
Elderly individuals[4]	89
Unaccompanied children	15
Individuals with a physical disability	35
Presence of shared community space	No
Presence of separate space for women/girls	No
Presence of child friendly space	No
Public lighting in the site	No
Type of landownership	N/A
Risk of eviction in next three months	No

Food Security

Primary source of food	Household production
Food distributions	None
Access to a food market	No

Health and Nutrition

Most common health issue(s) reported in the site:	
1. AWD / Cholera	
2. Malaria	
3. Diphtheria	
Access to healthcare services	No
Average walking time to the nearest health service	N/A
Women give birth in the site	Yes
Access to nutrition services	No
Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service	N/A
Access to nutrition services:	**No**

WASH

Access to potable water	Yes
Number of latrines in the site:	
Latrines (mixed)	15
Latrines (male)	0
Latrines (female)	0
Access to handwashing facilities	No

Education

Education services available	No
Average walking time to the nearest school	N/A
Education facilities available to residents in the site[5]:	
1. N/A	
2. N/A	
3. N/A	

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Most common shelter types in the site[5]:	
1. Buul	
2. Wattle and Daub	
3. CGI	
Electricity available in the site	No
Access to a NFI market	Yes
Average walking time to the nearest NFI market	15 minutes
Perceived safe access to NFI market	Yes

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information[5]:	
1. Friends, neighbours and family	
2. TV	
3. Radio	
Most commonly spoken language	Somali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.
5.Key informants could select multiple responses.

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